State Library

The Asheville News.

VOL. II---NO. 3. ASHEVILLE, N. C., AUGUST 4, 1859. WHOLE NO. 523.

Swannanoa Lodge, No. 56,

I. O. O. F.

Holds its regular meetings every Thursday evening, at Temperance Hall.

W. A. PATTON, *N. G.*

J. P. SAWYER, *R. S.*

Asheville, Aug. 26, 1858.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

WE have this day formed a partnership for the practice of MEDICINE and SURGERY, in all their branches, under the firm and style of

MORRISON & SUMMEY.

Office, one door below J. A. Patton's store, and nearly opposite Eagle Hotel.

Calls promptly attended at all hours, day or night, and in our absence calls left at the store of Summey, Spears & Co., will receive our prompt attention.

W. MORRISON, *M. D.*
D. F. SUMMEY.

Asheville, March 31, 1859. tf.

J. F. E. HARDY, M. D., AND J. G. HARDY, M. D.,

HAVE associated themselves in the practice of *MEDICINE*, in its various branches.

Office—front room in the Temperance Hall Building, nearly opposite the Bank of Cape Fear.

Asheville, Feb. 17, 1859. tf.

W. L. HILLIARD, M. D.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.,

☞Office first door south of the Bank☜

January 6, 1859.

M. L. NEILSON, M. D.,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

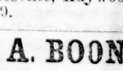
January 11, 1855.

DR. J. S. T. BAIRD,

HAVING permanently located in ASHEVILLE, offers his professional services to the public, in the various branches of his profession. He can always be found at home, unless professionally absent.

March 18, 1858.

G. W. WHITSON,

SURGEON  DENTIST,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

DR. JOHN C. LOVE,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Jackson county, in the practice of Medicine and Surgery. He will attend promptly to all calls, day and night.

Office 1½ miles north of Webster, at the residence of J. B. Love, Esq.

March 17, 1859. 1y

David Coleman,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

March 3, 1853. tf.

W. L. TATE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

HAVING located at Asheville, will attend the Courts of Buncombe and surrounding counties. Office at Gudger's Hotel.

December 16, 1858.

R. H. CANNON,

Attorney at Law,

Webster, Jackson County, N. C.

October 21, 1858. 1y

SAM. C. BRYSON,

Attorney at Law.

WILL practice in all the Courts of the counties of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson, Haywood, Henderson, Buncombe and Madison.

Office at Waynesville, Haywood county.

February, 1859.

H. A. BOONE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Webster, Jackson County, N. C.

WILL practice in the counties of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson and Haywood.

Oct. 14, 1858.

W. G. CANDLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Montmorency Multiflorus,

(Homony Creek P. O., Buncombe County, N. C.)

July 21, 1859. 6m

WILLIAM F. JONES,

Attorney at Law,

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY, N. C.

(Lately removed from Hendersonville, N. C.)

July 28, 1859. 1y

NAILS.

A good assortment, just received by SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

1859. 1859.

SPRING STOCK.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

ARE now opening at their old stand, a very desirable and attractive stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

Having been purchased by an experienced merchant in the city of New York, on the most favorable terms, they hope to give satisfaction to their patrons, and be enabled to sell as cheap as the big house, or any other. We invite all to call and examine our stock.

April 7, 1859. tf

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

WE are now receiving at our old stand, on the public square, Asheville, the largest and most varied stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER, STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

Ready Made Clothing, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Saddlery, Drugs. Dye Stuffs, &c.

Ever offered for sale in this market. Our Goods have been selected with great care in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, with especial reference to the wants of the PEOPLE. And as our stock embraces almost every article, "useful as well as ornamental," we flatter ourselves that we shall be enabled to please all who may favor us with a call. The object of this notice is not to publish self-praise, and hold ourselves up in a flattering light before the community; but simply to inform you that we have a heavier and better assorted stock of Goods now arriving, than any other house in town, to which we expect to be continually making large additions throughout the season; and to extend to you, one and all, an invitation to visit us and examine our stock, before making your purchases. The styles of our Goods are unsurpassed, and we are determined not to be undersold; and as we make no promise that we do not intend to perform, you may come with the assurance of being satisfactorily accommodated. Country produce taken in exchange for Goods.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

Asheville, April 2, 1859. tf

ASHEVILLE

CARRIAGE SHOP.

HAVING bought the interest of E. L. Triplett in the wood shop, I now offer my services to the citizens of Asheville and surrounding country. Thankful for the past favors, I will continue to carry on the

Carriage and Buggy Making

business in its various branches. Also, wagons, carts, &c. I still occupy the old stand of James Smith, in the south of Asheville.

From my long experience, I flatter myself I shall be able to give entire satisfaction. My work shall not be surpassed in the State.

Repairing neatly executed at short notice, and must be paid for before removed.

Produce taken in exchange for work.

Orders from a distance promptly attended.

D. C. McGREGOR.

January 20, 1859. tf

Gudger's Hotel,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

J. H. GUDGER, Proprietor.

The Southern, Eastern, Morganton and Murphey stages, stop at this House.

Asheville, October 7, 1858

JUST received, and now being opened, an excellent stock of

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

We invite our lady friends to call and examine for themselves.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

April 7, 1859.

PROPERTY FOR SALE IN MARION, N. C.

THE undersigned offers for sale a valuable residence in the town of Marion, McDowell county. The lot contains about half an acre, and has upon it a neat and convenient residence, a ten-pin alley, and all necessary out-buildings.—It lies upon main street, immediately adjoining Stephens' Hotel, and is very desirable property. Further information concerning it can be had by calling on G. W. Glass, Esq., of Marion.

If not disposed of privately, it will be offered at public sale during the week of the next County Court of McDowell county.

It will be sold on six months credit, the purchaser giving note and approved security.

J. R. HEMPHILL.

Asheville, June 2, 1859. tf

Save Your Wood,

BY buying some of my STOVES for cooking and warming your rooms. Also, Call and examine a large assortment of

TIN WARE,

of every variety, which I will sell cheap for cash or old Copper, wholesale or retail.

Any article in my line made to order at short notice.

H. LINDSEY.

January 6, 1859. tf.

COOKING STOVES.

THE undersigned is just receiving a large lot of Cooking Stoves, of the most *approved patterns* and *designs*, and embracing all sizes, from the *smallest to the largest*. Come, bring your money, and buy one at *low figures*.

JAS. B. RANKIN.

EVERY kind of country produce taken in exchange for Goods, by

Nov. 18, 1859. J. A. PATTON.

Town Property

FOR SALE.

THE house and lot now occupied by M. L. Doyle, is offered for sale. The lot fronts on the Public Square, and has upon it neat and comfortable buildings—including dwelling, storehouse, stables, carriage house, bake oven, &c.

The property is valuable, and well adapted for a private residence or business stand.

For further information inquire of M. L. Doyle on the premises, or the undersigned.

—0—*ALSO*—0—

A FARM, lying 2½ miles from Asheville, in Chunn's Cove, and in the neighborhood of Mr. Stephen Lee's. The tract contains 100 acres—is well timbered, well watered, and very productive.

For terms, apply to M. L. Doyle, in Asheville, or to the subscriber.

T. KEENAN.

HARDWARE —AND— GROCERIES.

THREE DOORS EAST OF THE COURT HOUSE,

Spartanburg, S. C.

THE subscribers, having commenced the Hardware and Grocery business in this town, will keep constantly a general assortment of

Shelf Hardware, Carpenters' and Blacksmith's Tools, Farming Implements,

Carriage Materials,

Axes, Hoes, Chains, Nails, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

A General Assortment of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

Their stock consists in part of Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Molasses, Bacon Hams and Sides, Fish, Rice, Soap, Candles and Starch; which they offer for sale, low for CASH, or in exchange for country produce.

HARDY, AGNEW & CO.

Spartanburg, S. C., May 12, 1859. tf

DISSOLUTION.

THE copartnership in the Livery and Sale Stable business, heretofore existing between Thomas T. Patton and John F. Sullivan, is this day terminated by mutual consent. All persons having claims against the concern must present them to John F Sullivan. All debts due the firm will be collected by him. Make prompt payment and save costs.

J. F. SULLIVAN,
T. T. PATTON.

May 4, 1859. tf

ED. J. ASTON, Druggist and Apothecary.

STORE—Brick Corner, opposite the Court House.

RESIDENCE—Church street, opposite the Episcopal Church.

☞Prescriptions put up with accuracy and despatch, at all hours of the day or night.

Asheville, March 25, 1858.

VALUABLE LAND Near Asheville, FOR SALE.

ON the 25th day of August next, we will sell on the premises, the valuable Farm belonging to the Estate of the late Thomas Foster, and lying on Swannanoa River, two miles east of the town of Asheville. The Tract contains about

SEVEN HUNDRED ACRES,

A large portion of it the best quality of River Bottom.

There are on the place a good

Grist and saw Mill,

and large and convenient buildings of every kind. The place has long been known as one of the best Stands in the up-country.

A more particular description is deemed unnecessary, as any one wishing to buy will look and judge for himself.

TERMS.—Twelve months credit, with bond and approved security, and title withheld until the purchase money is paid.

G. C. ALEXANDER, } Executors.
THOS. H. FOSTER, }

Feb. 10, 1859. tds

ONE WORD.

ALL indebted to us will bear in mind that the year has closed, and we have served them faithfully. Now return the compliment by serving us, and allowing us to pass receipts in full.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

January 1, 1859.

STILL AFLOAT!

IN these times of "new systems" and "cash stores," with proof positive that no one can live unless he buys and sells for cash, we would like to remind our numerous friends that we still

Sell on a Credit!

(With the understanding that it must be paid 1st of each January,) to all responsible and punctual men, and on as accommodating terms as the much abused system of credit will allow. Be it understood, however, that if you have money to spend, and want to pay for your Goods, we will sell for CASH as low as any purely cash house can sell. Although we sell on credit, we don't refuse cash for our goods.

We have a good stock, to which we are constantly adding, and to which we respectfully call the attention of our customers.

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

Feb. 17, 1859. tf

NEW FAMILY GROCERY AND EATING SALOON.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing the citizens of Asheville and vicinity that he will open during the week before the next April Court, a regular family Grocery and

EATING SALOON.

He will have in his Establishment Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Molasses, Dried Beef, Bacon, Bologne Sausages, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon, Lobsters, Cheese, Crackers, Candies, Raisins, Tobacco, Segars, &c., &c. A quantity of all sorts of

BREAD,

kept constantly on hand. It is his purpose to keep a number one house, and solicits a share of the public patronage.

All kinds of country produce, Butter, Eggs, Poultry &c., taken in exchange for Edibles, or bought at the market price.

Call at the store house immediately south of Gudger's Hotel on the court house square, and you shall have anything to Eat you may call for. No Liquors kept in the establishment.

Meals prepared on short notice, and at any hour, day or night.

A. B. ROMANO, Agent.

March, 24, 1859. tf.

LEATHER.

UPPER and Sole, always on hand at SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO'S.

Negroes Wanted.

WE want to buy from **100 TO 500** LIKELY NEGROES, for whom we will pay the highest cash prices.

CHUNN & PATTON.

Asheville, Feb. 10, 1859. tf

NORTH CAROLINA

Mutual Insurance Company,

AT the Annual Meeting of the North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company, held on the 14th inst., the following persons were elected Directors and Officers fer the ensuing year:

DIRECTORS.

Henry D. Turner, Raleigh.
J. R. Williams, do.
T. H. Selby, do.
C. W. D. Hutchings, do.
Kemp P. Battle, do.
George Little, do.
James M. Towles, do.
James E. Hoyt, Washington.
Alexander Mitchell, Newbern.
Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington.
John M. Jones, Edenton.
W. M. Griffin, Elizabeth City.
F. F. Fagan, Plymouth.
J. W. Harrell, Murfreesboro.
H. B. Williams, Charlotte.
George A. Smith, Milton.
O. F. Long, Hillsboro.
Joseph White, Anson county.
Josh. Boner, Salem.
A. T. Summey, Asheville.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

T. H. Selby, President.
H. D. Turner, Vice President.
John H. Bryan, Attorney.
Hamden S. Smith, Secretary and Treasurer.
T. H. Selby, *ex officio*, } Executive Committee.
John R. Williams, }
C. W. D. Hutchings, }

This Company has been in successful operation over 10 years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State, (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms. Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,737,649, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is over Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds, properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cent. per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

HAMDEN S. SMITH, *Sec'y.*

A. T. SUMMEY, Agent, Asheville.

Raleigh, March 12, 1859.

NEW Ambrotype Gallery.

THE subscriber having bought out Mr. Lewis' entire stock and apparatus, with a large addition of Cases, &c., offers his services to the public generally on most reasonable terms. Pictures from one dollar upwards, of all styles. His long experience induces him to believe that all who patronise him will be more than pleased.

Call and give him a trial. Rooms at the old stand.

E. W. HERNDON.

Asheville, April 7, 1859. tf

GENT'S SHOES.

DECIDEDLY the handsomest lot of Gent's Dress Shoes ever exhibited in Asheville.—Call at the largest establishment in town. Dispute it if you can.

—ALSO—

At the same place will be found a new lot of fine Sugar, hard to beat.

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

JAS. A. PATTON

Is now prepared to exhibit an unusually extensive & varied assortment of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

HATS, SHOES & CLOTHING,

FOR the SPRING TRADE, inviting special attention to his DRESS GOODS, both for ladies and gentlemen.

Particular attention has been paid to the selection of his Stock for the present season, and he feels assured that the public have now an opportunity of supplying themselves on the most favorable terms, with the choicest goods and latest patterns.

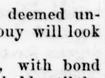
To prompt paying and responsible persons, he is anxious to sell both for CASH and on a CREDIT; but he has no hesitation in saying that he can and does sell much cheaper for CASH.

Every species of Domestic Produce, Hay, Corn, and grain of every sort, taken in exchange for Goods, at the highest market price.

The first Store in the south end of the village.—Look for it! There you will always find a hearty welcome, a full supply of all the articles usually kept in a country store, of first rate quality, and at MODERATE PRICES.

Asheville, April 14, 1859. tf

TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.



THE subscriber offers for sale the Property on which he now resides, in the south end of Asheville.

The Lot contains 2½ acres, and has upon it a new Dwelling House 48×28 feet, two stories, a blacksmith shop, and all necessary out-buildings. It lies on the main street, and as a public house or business stand is very valuable. There is on the place a spring of excellent water.

For further information apply to the subscriber on the premises.

E. L. TRIPLETT.

June 23, 1859. tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber are hereby notified to call immediately and settle, and thereby save cost.

M. L. DOYLE.

NOTICE.

IN future, except in cases of sickness or inability, we will send no goods from our store for examination;—always glad to exhibit them at our counters to friends and customers. Our interest demands the adoption of this rule.

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

10,000 LBS. of Iron and Nails, just received. Every No. of Nails, & all kinds of Iron.

J. A. PATTON.

June 30, 1859.

Shingles.

I want twelve or fifteen thousand Shingles—White or Yellow Pine.

Nov. 18, 1858. JAMES A. PATTON.

Hooped and Spring Skirts.

NEW lot—latest styles—just received—at reduced prices. GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

April 7, 1859.

A Hundred Years Ago.

Where are the birds that sweetly sang
A hundred years ago?
The flowers that all in beauty sprang
A hundred years ago?
The lip that smiled,
The eyes that wild
In flashes shone
Soft eyes upon—
Where, O where, are the lips and eyes,
The maiden's smiles, the lover's sighs,
That were so long ago?

Who peopled all the city's streets
A hundred years ago?
Who filled the church, with faces meek,
A hundred years ago?
The sneering tale
Of sisters frail,
The plot that worked
Another's hurt—
Where, O where, are the plots and sneers,
The poor man's hopes, the rich man's fears,
That were so long ago?

Where are the graves where dead men slept
A hundred years ago?
Who, whilst living, oftimes wept,
A hundred years ago?
By other men,
They knew not then,
Their lands are tilled,
Their homes are filled—
Yet nature then was just as gay,
And bright the sun shone as to-day,
A hundred years ago.

Napoleon's Personal Peculiarities.

Blackwood's Magazine for June gives some remarks on the personal characteristics of Napoleon III.

He has gained friends as well as enemies by one most extraordinary faculty that he possesses—that of holding his tongue, and of doing so in the company of the most loquacious people in the world. A perfect undemonstrative man, some Frenchmen respect him for it, while others fear him; others hate him because he will not take them into his counsels; and many Englishmen again like him because he flatters the national vanity by being in many respects very like an Englishman. He is cold and reserved in his public demeanor; more cordial, say his friends, when seen in private. Certainly he does not "wear his heart upon his sleeve" He listens to all that is said to him and then takes his own course. He consults everybody and follows his own advice.

Again he has a good seat on horseback. Other Englishmen dislike him either because they ride badly themselves, or because, not being able to keep their own counsel, they hate a close character. Such causes of no great weight, are perhaps more nearly the true causes of his unpopularity in England than any commonplace notions of his being the destroyer of the liberties of France. He had equally destroyed the liberties of France when he made his triumphal entry into London. The English press, at least in some of its leading organs, has undergone many phases of opinion concerning him; and he complained in his letter to Sir Francis Head of this conduct of the English press, by that very complaint showing that he had some regard to public opinion in England. If we venture ourselves to express an opinion regarding his character, we put it forth in all modesty, and wish it to be understood in as vague and general a sense as possible, feeling ourselves incompetent to take the measure of a man who is certainly not an ordinary man. It is our impression that he is a man whose general talent has been rather overrated than otherwise. He has doubtless a great power of will and undaunted courage, both physical and moral, and by that inestimable faculty of holding his tongue he is able to bide his time, observe circumstances, and thus make the most of them, and bring to bear on them, at the right time, all the faculties he possesses.

Perhaps his policy appears to be mysterious, simply because he has no policy at all, but is ready to abandon one course and adopt another, according as he stumbles against a barrier or drifts into an opening. Doubtless it is often the cause of success in life. Some men of unconquerable strength of will and great talent, get on, as it is called, by bending the world to their plans. Others do so by forming no plans at all in permanence, but fashioning and refashioning those they do form in the mould of circumstance; while the secret of ill success; even more often than in deficiency of ability, consists in not knowing whether one possesses the power to lead or whether one must be content to follow. Louis Napoleon is said to be a fatalist, and his extraordinary elevation would tend to confirm him in his fatalism. Before he takes any step, he seems to hold up his hand and see which way the wind is blowing, and whether the air comes against it hot or cold. But that holding of the tongue is his most admirable quality.

☞Twenty thousand dead—cut down in one day—at the battle of Solferino! Hearts that bounded bravely to the morning sunshine, the roll of drum and clarion call of the bugle, and were strong with love and hope—in the red dust all, with their faded pictures and broken dreams! A line for the 20,000 in the newspapers—a stranger's shrug or quick ejaculation! But nowhere, either in the French account or the Austrian account, shall we find word of the wailings and desolate prostrations by their forever vacant places; nowhere word of the shadow that the great battle flung over ten thousand thresholds and into twice ten thousand loving hearts. The fortune of war—God save us from it!

☞Queen Victoria is again associated with ideas more than ordinarily "interesting."

A Singular Affair.

The Albany Standard, of July 14, relates the following narrow escape of a man from marrying his own daughter:

Some fifteen years ago a man named George Bristol left this city for the shores of the Pacific. At the time he left he had a wife and one child, the latter only three years old. They resided in the town of Waterloo. At that time his wife and child were living with her father. Some two years after, the father and mother of the woman died, their estate disposed of to satisfy mortgages, and Mrs. Bristol and her child were thrown upon the cold charities of the world for a living. She was very feeble in health, and of course was unable to take care of herself.

The mother and child came to this city, where they lived for some five years, at the expiration of which time the mother died, and the girl was left alone in the world, to do as best she could.—Being now about ten years old, and a smart, active, good looking girl, she soon found a situation in a respectable family. Here she remained until she was fifteen years old, when she bound herself out to a milliner. She served three years at that business, and had become mistress of the profession. Now, the strangest portion of the revelation is to be told. The girl is now over 18 years, and a perfect model of her sex.

During this long interval it must be remembered that the girl had lost all track of her father.—Her beauty attracted the attention and admiration of a spruce looking gentleman who met her on Broadway. He was a man of about 40 years of age, but his appearance did not indicate that he had ever seen 25 summers. An acquaintance was made between her and the gentleman above alluded to, and a final engagement entered into for marriage. The day was set and all the necessary arrangements made for the ceremony.

On the appointed day the pair, accompanied by their respective friends, met for the purpose of having the plighted ones joined in wedlock.—Just before the minister commenced the marriage rites, an old couple entered. They were formerly neighbors of the Bristol family, and had watched the girl grow up from infancy, and were now anxious to see the choice she had made in a partner for life. Imagine the surprise of all about when the old couple above referred to recognized in the "man of the girl's heart," her own legitimate father.

For a moment all was amazement and sadness; but on the state of things being fully realized, the scene turned to one of joy. An absent father had recovered a lost daughter, and the assembled throng of friends were highly delighted that the affair resulted as it did. The love that before burned so brightly between the twain had now become flame as inextinguishable as the flames of Vesuvius.

A very queer world, this.

Loneliness of Great Cities.

The vaster the crowd the more solitary the individual, the more lonely the heart. "No one," says a recent writer, "is known in London; it is the realm of the incognito and the anonymous.—It is not a place, but a region or a state. There is no such thing as local opinion in the metropolis; mutual personal knowledge there is none; neighborhood good repute, bad fame, there are none. No house knows the next door. How is a man to show what he is, when he is but a grain of sand out of a mass, without relations to others, without a place, without history; without distinctiveness? Crowds pour along the streets; and although each has his own character written on high, they are one and all the same to men below."

This is true, though of course in a less degree, with every great city, especially to the young and unfriended stranger. All at once he passes from the midst of a friendly neighborhood—where every one knows another, where the eye of every one is on his brother, and where the slightest incident of weal or woe affecting any of its members is the theme of interested converse around each cottage hearth—to an almost absolute solitude. In fact, in those vast wildernesses of streets, and lanes, and noisome courts and alleys, of which the lower parts of our great cities consist, while the worst vices of social life are generated to the utmost, society, in the true sense of the word, can scarcely be said to exist. There are few or no ties of mutual knowledge, common interest, and friendly neighborhood, such as bind the inhabitants of a country side or of a small town together, and which make a parish not a district merely, but a living, organized society.—*North British Review.*

A FEMALE SNAKE CHARMER.—Among the arrests noted upon the Station House book last evening was the name of Jane Whipple, commonly called "Oregon Jenny," who was placed in a cell with some China woman. In a few minutes the most unearthly screams and yells were heard proceeding from her cell, and on entering it the officer discovered that Jenny had a tame snake of the common garter snake species, about three feet long, which she had concealed in her pocket, and with which she had frightened the poor Chinese woman nearly into fits. She was taken out and placed in a separate cell, with her companion, the snake. She says she has had it for two years, and although it has bitten her twice, she would not part with it for any consideration. She carries it about in her bosom, *a la* Wirsen.

Last night, in the station house, she placed the head of the snake in her mouth, and appeared to enjoy the nervous horror which even the criminals around her could not suppress at the horrid sight. Such a beastly depraved taste is almost unaccountable in a woman. The snake is evidently charmed with her. She could hardly have succeeded in charming anything but a snake.—*Alta. Cal.*

The Upper World.

The late extraordinary balloon voyage from St. Louis to New York afforded to the daring æronauts a fine opportunity of noting sensations and watching ærial manifestations and appearances. These have been given to the scientific world by Mr. La Mountain, in his sketch of the trip. We can entertain no reasonable doubt but that some Lieut. Maury will found upon continued observations and experiences a system of wind charts, by which in a brief number of years ærial navigation may be as easily and safely performed as navigation upon oceans and rivers. It is but proper to say that Profs. Wise, La Mountain, and colleagues, are preparing for a more extended trip—perhaps across the Atlantic. But to the description:

I speak of our *ascension*, because that term expresses to you the feeling and the fact of our departure from Washington square. But you should know that the æronaut has no such perceptions of his motion. As the rope was loosed that bound our gallant bark, the earth itself seemed to drop from beneath us and sink away from our presence! We might feel alarmed for our mother earth, and wonder where it would fall to! but our own position seemed stable and secure. If we had any sensation at all, it was that of *safety* and *secret gratification* that we had got off our platform before it began to fall!

It is this remarkable fact that emboldens the æronaut, and invariably gives him cool ness and self-possession. A man that cannot look from a two-story house without be coming dizzy, can ascend in a balloon, miles from the earth's surface, without an emotion of fear. He feels that he is safe and steady, though the earth itself may be loosed from its moorings and falling from his feet.

There is another singular effect produced, as we ascend in a balloon, that was observed in brilliant perfection as we rose from St. Louis yesterday evening. Not only does the earth seem to fall down from the balloon, but it seems also to curve up at the edge or horizon, and assume a *bowl shape* beneath us. The heaven is then concave above us, and the earth concave beneath us—we are the centre of the two—the one point around which heaven and earth are bending! So wonderful is that feeling in the soul of man, that he is ever in the immediate presence of the Universe. The balloonist, better than all others, can appreciate that exclamation of the Psalmist: "Whither shall I flee from Thy presence? * * If I take the wings of the morning, and dwell in the uttermost parts of the sea, even there Thy hand shall lead me, and Thy right hand shall hold me."

And now we soared aloft above your city. Its largest edifices shrunk into mole hills—its spires became as spears of grass—a thickening vapor overspread it all, and at last be came the only mark on the wondrous map spread out beneath us to mark where so much life and power remained. The reservoir was the last distinguishable object of your city, as we drifted away and still away to the northeast; and the silver threads of the Missouri, Mississippi and Illinois were the landmarks that denoted to us the course we were sailing.

I must here notice an episode of interest in our trip. While we were at great height, and a little to the east of Alton, I should think, the gushing melodies of unearthly music greeted our ears. We instantly recognised the *Caliope* of some passing steamer, which was no doubt on the look out for us, and "A Life on the Ocean Wave" was the stirring air that greeted us. It was a happy strain, and suggestive that we truly, and in a different sense from what the writer's song meant, were in that "home" where the "winds their revels keep." We had lost all recognition of distinct objects, and the song seemed to be a song of the earth to her little sister Air Ship above her.

No pen can ever describe the glorious panorama that curved up around us, as we floated up into the cerulean depths of heaven. Gigantic wheat fields became little parterres to the sight, and forests, fringing the water courses, were narrow hedges, in the one single garden which the great earth had now shrunk to be! The sky was cloudless, the sun brilliant, but without its earthly heat, and the serenity was like the quiet bliss of heaven, as we were wont to think of it.

We were all soon lost in admiration of the scene, and quickly absorbed in deep and silent meditation on its ineffable splendors. We were not, as I have said, conscious of motion. The earth, which had become hollow or bowl shaped beneath us, turned its kaleidoscope of beauties to us, as if to display them to our eyes alone. It was entirely impossible to write, or attempt to write, a description of the scene, and Mr. Hyde had all his apparatus with him, but could not withdraw his gaze from the concave earth and heaven long enough to begin.

On we floated, and higher still we ascended; but, fast as we rose, we could not keep the sun in sight. At the altitude of about three miles, and when we were perhaps sixty miles from St. Louis, the god of day reached the horizon, and in an instant was gone!—There was no twilight; there was no vapor to refract and retain his rays. He opened the western gate of heaven and swept out, and all was closed and dark behind him! The starry crown of night as instantly overspread us, and the new moon, "the silver bow new bent in heaven," was fixed on the bosom of the western sky.

There being now nothing but solitude and darkness around our ærial bark, and everything going on well, my other two companions lay down and were soon asleep also. I was alone now, and glad of it. I was not satisfied with our course from St. Louis. It was too much north. I had even seen a silver wave breaking over the northern rim of my bowl beneath, which I knew to be the southern point of Lake Michigan. I wished to test my views of the great "Eastern Current" of air flowing eternally from west to east around the globe. Accordingly, as my comrades slept, I turned out about two-thirds of our ballast! We shot upward like a rocket.—The air grew more thin and chill—the stars glimmered more keenly—the stillness was more intense and death-like. A deeper slumber enveloped my drowsy comrades. Suddenly a jar and a western surge of our boat startled my very soul, and my heart leaped into my throat. But it was soon explained. The top of the balloon had penetrated the great eastern moving current, and its swiftness had careened it suddenly, and given the boat a western pitch. A moment more, and our entire bark was enveloped in the sweeping torrent of air, and we sped with the swiftness of the storm, and with the noise of the rush of mighty wings through heaven! Here the problem was solved! Here was triumph—here was glory! A new world was opened to mankind, and a new Creation of the infinite God was revealed to man!

This new ocean of upper air was altogether different from the thin and cold ether that we had been passing through. It was balmy, genial and delicious. It was full of nebulous life and electric manifestations. While it moved, in the main, in a steady stream from west to east, it had its internal eddies, currents and counter-currents, that gave infinite beauty and glory to the Cloud World.

Forms and shapes, various, grand and fantastic, alternately appeared and disappeared to view. A golden borealis sometimes illuminated the whole upper world. Then again castles of cloud-work would rise up, glow with electric fires, like hostile armies in action, and subside. Mock thrones of alabaster whiteness, and then of gold and sapphire, would appear, stand awhile, and dissolve. And thunders would meanwhile give voice to the life, the stir and commotion of this upper world. The balloon, now more buoyant and safe in this denser atmosphere, swept along like a thing of life, and seemed to greet as sisters the quickly rising morning stars; for the breaking of those latter above the eastern horizon attested the course and rapidity of our motion.

I wakened Mr. Gager and Mr. Wise, who witnessed with me the truth and the preternatural glory of this Upper World. But all our efforts were unavailing to rouse Mr. Hyde; and the editor of the "Dog Star Gazette," we are sorry to think, went to press without an exchange of notes with his sublunary prototype.

The Tax on Spirituous Liquors.

We are indebted to the courtesy of Mr. Treasurer Courts, says the Raleigh Standard, for the following opinion of Mr. Attorney General Jenkins, the law-adviser of the State, on the subject of the taxes imposed on spirituous liquors:

RALEIGH, N. C., July 8th, 1859.

Hon. D. W. Courts, *Pub. Treas. of N. C.*:

MY DEAR SIR: Yours of the 7th inst. asking my opinion as to the construction of the 17th Section, Schedule A of the Revenue Law, in regard to spirituous liquors, &c., has just been received, and I hasten to reply.

I am of opinion that all persons who are taxable under the said 17th Section, will have to list the amount of their purchase from the first day of July, 1858, to the first day of July 1859, in the same manner and at the same time that they list lands, polls, and other subjects required to be listed to the Magistrates in Schedule A—the tax to be collected when the taxes upon the other subjects listed at the same time are collected. It may be said that the State will lose the tax upon liquors for one year by this construction; but this, if true, could not alter the law. But this view arises, I think from a misapprehension, for under the Revenue Law of 1856 and '57 all liquor dealers have paid taxes upon their purchases from the 1st of July, 1857 to 1st of July, 1858, and now they are required to list their purchases from the first of July, 1858, to the first of July, 1859. Instead of listing to the Sheriff as required in the Revenue Law of 1856 and '57, and paying the tax when they list, they are required to list to the Magistrates, and the time of payment is postponed for 12 months. The amount they will have to pay must be governed by the late Revenue Law, and not by the law of 1856 and '57. I know there are different opinions entertained in regard to this matter, but after a careful examination of the subject, I have given you the conclusion to which I have arrived.

Very respectfully,

WILL. A. JENKINS.

EXTENSIVE ARRIVAL OF BLACKS FROM CANADA, EN ROUTE FOR THE SOUTH.—Thursday morning, Packet Union arrived from Port Stanley, Canada, with sixteen fugitive slaves, who had escaped from the South at various periods within the last two years, and who had been living at the negro settlement at Chatham, Canada West. Becoming weary of Canadian freedom, which, to many blacks, embraces the exalted liberty of going inadequately clothed, and of being nearly starved to death, they were about to return to the South, preferring plantation life to the responsibilities attendant on a state of existence for which circumstances has rendered them peculiarly disqualified. One family, consisting of a colored man, his mother, wife and three children, who escaped from near Paris, Ky., about one year ago, after the experience afforded by a hard Canadian winter began to sigh for their "Old Kentucky Home," and a short time ago they wrote to their master, informing him of their desire to return, and requesting him to meet them at Cleaveland. When they arrived on the old packet, their master was there to meet them, and they expressed their gratification at the meeting in a manner which denoted a sincere regard for him. "Old Aunty," a venerable negress, whose black and shining face stood out in strange contrast with her hair, white as the driven snow, took occasion to "spress her mind" in regard to Canada.—"Dey kin all talk about dar freedom over dar," (pointing with a cane-brake finger across the blue water in the direction marked by the Union's wake,) "but I'd a heep lever stay wid dem down in old Kentuck."—The entire party took the train for Cincinnati, happy in the thought that they were going home.—*Cleaveland Democrat.*

A book about the United States has been published in Germany, in which the author mentions, among other equally interesting facts, that thieves are so scarce in this country that a reward is often offered for the discovery of one.

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.—What is fame?—What is fortune? Nicholas Longworth, the "Croesus" of Cincinnati, worth in money from $5,000,000 to $6,000,000, while sitting the other day on the step of a house, with his hat between his knees, waiting for a friend, was the recipient of twenty-five cents from a passing gentleman, who mistook him for a beggar.

Exciting Times in Utah---The Nauvoo Legion Under Arms.

A correspondent of the St. Louis Republican, under date of Salt Lake city, June 16th, says:

Since my last we have had some little excitement in Zion, which occurred as follows: Last week Capt. Dick Anderson, of the second dragoons, returned from a trip North, up in the neighborhood of Bear River, and passed through this city en route to Camp Floyd.—He camped about three miles south-east, and after he had everything fixed, a man walked into his camp, and said "that he was on his wheat field, and requested him to move."—This the Captain refused to do, and the fellow becoming insolent, he put him under guard.

In a short time the news reached the city, and every nerve and fibre of Mormonism was apparently electrified. As usual they appealed to the Governor, who, unfortunately, does not choose to confine himself to the legitimate duties of his office, but with a benevolence, which, while it does his heart credit, he listens and assumes a guardianship over many matters about which he need not fret, merely in an over official anxiety to preserve the peace. About eleven o'clock that night a posse of the Nauvoo Legion, on horseback, were seen galloping through the streets, armed with carbines, &c., headed by Lieut. General Daniel H. Wells, one of the first Presidency, and third in rank from Brigham Young. Of course, with such an imposing tramp and gallop we expected a muss, and every Gentile swung on his battery, while Capt. Anderson, who had been informed of their manœuvres, lay *couchant* with a full company of one hundred dragoons, who could have sprang at any moment.

The Governor sent a request down to Capt. A. to deliver up the prisoner, which he declined; in the meantime the Mormon cohorts were parading the streets, but they took good care not to approach Capt. Anderson's camp. At one time they surrounded Secretary Hartnett's house, where the Governor was holding his councils, and their presence was so obnoxious that Mr. Hartnett ordered them off several times, and finally the Governor himself commanded them to go, which left us with only a few scouts who occasionally galloped up to the house and rode off again, the balance of the Legion being fixed around on different streets in various parts of the city. Things continued on in this manner until between two and three o'clock in the morning, when Judge Sinclair was aroused from his slumbers to issue a writ of *habeas* to release the poor Mormon in Anderson's camp, and thus relieve the anxious fears of all Mormonism, and the *fears* of the Nauvoo Legion in particular, which was done.

Texas.

The Washington County Railroad Company are making every effort in their power to construct their road, and have now completed eleven miles, extending nearly to Chapel Hill. About 100 hands are at work on this road.

Hill, tried at Galveston and found guilty of the murder of Lyons on board the steamship Matagorda, has been granted a new trial by Judge Watrous, in the United States Court at Galveston.

The black tongue is prevailing, says the Tyler Reporter, in that neighborhood. The item also mentions it as prevailing in the neighborhood of Huntsville, and the farmers have ceased the use of milk and butter.

The rains in Texas during a few days previous to the sailing of the steamer Texas for this city, has been general, and had produced a most favorable change in the condition of the crops. In some portions of the State they have rendered the roads almost impassable.

In Travis county, the fields have become white with open cotton. The planters think they will not be able to gather the full crop, it promises to be so abundant.

The True Issue, Fayette county, says the survey of the Harrisburg Railroad will be immediately extended on to Austin.

The Austin Intelligencer condenses the following news of the new Indian outrages from a letter of a correspondent.

On the 6th inst., a party of Indians, after killing three horses in the Davis settlement, crossed over into Burnett, where they murdered an old man named Root Adams.

More camels, says the Civillian, of Galveston, are coming to Texas. The importation now expected is to be made from the valleys of the upper Mongolia. They are stronger than any other kind of camels, and are accustomed to the severest hardships. They are to enter the United States via San Francisco.

REVIVAL AMONG THE COLORED PEOPLE.—The religious excitement among our colored people still continues, and appears to increase in intensity. It commenced during the session of the National Baptist Convention, in this city, when afternoon meetings were daily held in the African Church; the pulpit being supplied by ministers from abroad.

In Norfolk, the colored people are much excited upon religious matters. The Examiner, of that city, says that two hundred servants have been converted and joined the Bute Street African M. E. Church, in charge of the Rev. A. J. Kaaffman, within the past few months.

In the proper management and religious training of an assembly of negroes, great preaching talent as well as administrative ability, which few possess, is absolutely requisite, for although not so intelligent, the negroes are far more discriminating than people generally imagine in regard to preaching.—*Richmond News.*

Francis A. Maffit, a son of Rev. John Newland Maffitt, the eloquent preacher who flourished so extensively some years ago, died of an appoplectic fit in the St. Louis jail, on Sunday night last. The deceased, together with several others, had been arrested and imprisoned on suspicion of forgery.

DRINKING IN CALIFORNIA.—In the last six years, there were 15,000,000 gallons of liquor, and 5,000,000 gallons of wine, imported into California and nearly all that time, there have been distilleries and 86 breweries at work in the State.

MAMMOTH PEACH.—An editor in Charleston has been presented with a peach 57 inches in circumference—and there was 'a few more left' larger still on the tree.

Blue Ridge Railroad.

We see by the Franklin, North Carolina, *Observer*, that two county meetings have been held in North Carolina—one at Franklin, in Macon County, the other in Haywood—at which strong resolutions in favor of the Blue Ridge Railroad were passed. It was resolved at each to send fifty delegates to the Tunnel Hill mass meeting. They promise to give their best aid to the enterprise, and declare "that they are for the Blue Ridge Road, and Southern commerce now and forever." They seem to be very sanguine of further aid from this State. We warn them against being too confident in their expectations. It behooves those portions of North Carolina, Georgia and Tennessee, whose interests are involved in the road, to use every exertion in its behalf. Kentucky, too, must show that she intends to meet us at Knoxville. Unless assurances be given from all these States, particularly the last, we despond of the completion of the enterprise.—*South Carolinian.*

CHARLES SUMNER AGAIN.—A cotemporary, evidently an ardent admirer of the Massachusetts Senator, thus rejoices at the happy effects produced upon his shocked system by eminent surgeons in Europe:

"We are pleased to learn that Hon. Charles Sumner is recovering. He is in Paris, where he had his spinal marrow taken out, scraped, soaked in oil and replaced, his muscular membranes operated upon, his nerves taken out, aired and replaced, and is in a fair way of recovery. He will resume his Senatorial duties, he says."

MIXING UP THE BABIES.—The Weaverville (Cal.) Journal gives the following account of an affair which, however, it may move the laughter of our readers, we fancy to have made some of the parties concerned "laugh on the wrong side of their mouths:"

"Some time ago there was a dancing party given 'up north;' most of the ladies present had little babies, whose noisy perversity required too much attention for mothers to enjoy the dance. A number of gallant young men volunteered to watch the young ones while the parents indulged in a break down. No sooner had the women left the babies in charge of the mischievous devils, than they stripped the infants, changed their clothes, giving to one the apparel of another. The dance over, it was time to go home, and the mothers hurriedly took each a baby, in the dress of her own, and started some to their homes, ten or fifteen miles off, and went far on their way before daylight. But the day following there was a prodigious row in the settlement; mothers discovered that a single day had changed the sex of their babes; observation disclosed startling physiological phenomena, and then commenced some of the tallest female pedestrianism; living miles apart, it required two days to unmix the babies, and as many months to restore the women to their naturally sweet dispositions. To this day it is unsafe for any of the baby mixers to venture within the territory."

THE REGULATORS OF BALTIMORE.—The Republican publishes a list of the Presidents and officers lately elected by the "American Regulator Club," and the "Ashland American Club," with this comment:

The names of most of these parties are familiar in the police annals of the city, and if the people of Baltimore desire to know their actual rulers and regulators, they have nothing to do but consult the columns of the Club organs for the names of the club officers and delegates.

Among the officers and delegates of these two clubs will be found the names of parties who are notorious for their disregard of the laws of the land or the rights of the people, and they are but samples of the mass of these clubs to whose tender mercies "the *Prince of Americans*" has consigned the interests and lives of the people of Baltimore. Is it any wonder business men and men of capital shun our city when such rulers are tolerated by its citizens?

SAN FRANCISCO.—A recent census of San Francisco, made by parties engaged in compiling a directory, shows that city to contain a population of 78,000, of whom 38,890 were white males over twenty-one years of age, and 14,696 were white females over eighteen years of age. The Chinese population of the city was 3,150, and the colored population 1,605. Ten years ago it was comparatively a mere village, and although it has six times, in its brief but eventful history, been almost entirely destroyed by fire, scarcely any other city in any other age or country has grown with such remarkable rapidity.

A NEW TANNING MATERIAL.—The Salisbury Watchman says:

"Speaking of Leather, reminds us of a conversation with a gentleman of Iredell county, on the 4th July. He is a Tanner; and told us that he had tanned "lots" of hides with *pine* bark, and sold the leather to shoe makers and harness makers in Salisbury; and that they could not tell it from oak tanned leather. We allude to Mr. Wm. M. Allison, who, we understand, is in the possession of some valuable newly discovered processes of his own in this line of business, which he expects, some day, to offer to the public."

ENCOURAGEMENT FOR MARRIED WOMEN.—Mr. Pratt was fined $50, in Memphis, for whipping his wife. The Judge said, as a salvo to his feelings, that it was "no great harm to whip some wives, provided the public were not disturbed by the operation."

SERVED HIM RIGHT.—A man named Fisher was tied to a post and publicly horsewhipped in the streets of Chaumont, N. Y., on Saturday evening last, for maltreating and abusing his wife.

THE BEST SHOT.—A correspondent of the Siecle says that one of the best shots in Garibaldi's service is an Englishman of fifty years old, who carries a capital Lancaster rifle, and, aided by a pair spectacles, of which he stands in need, brings down every Tyrolean chasseur that he takes aim at. Somebody asked him whether he had been attracted to join the volunteer corps by a strong feeling for the Italian cause or by a love of sport. He answered very coolly, 'I have a great respect for Italian independence, but I am also very fond of shooting.'

A man in this world, is a boy spelling in short syllables; but he will combine them in the next.

Hanging in the Rural Districts.

The amusing writer of sketches of "Rural life in Louisiana," tells the following story in the True Delta:

While engaged at our toilet, we were startled by some one under our window, whistling in a very high key, "Oh, Susannah don't you cry for me." We threw up the sash, thrust forth our head, the music ceased, its place being usurped by the voice of Mr. Facias, who with an axe thrown across his shoulder, saluted us with, "Hello, old feller, you're devlish lazy this morning; come with me, I'm just a'goin' out in the swamp to cut a "gallus" to hang that chap on, and I'd like to have you a long to help me toat it."

We excused ourself from that agreeable employment on the plea of not having breakfasted, and while Mr. F. resumed his way, importunately advising the forlorn Susannah not to assume a lachrymose condition in consequence of his absence.

About one o'clock, that gentleman having returned from the forest, entered the bar room of the "Lost Pleiad," took a "smash," and invited us to come over and witness the acrobatic performance.

"Why," exclaimed we, as we approached the jail "we thought the law required that executions must take place within an enclosure."

"And so it does," said he, "and don't you call that an enclosure—say?" pointing with his cane to a "stake and rider' worm fence surrounding the building; 'I put that thar this morning—the law don't require me to build a stone wall, nor a brick one nuther, jest to hang a feller, nor does it require, that I'm awar of, that I should chink the cracks betwixt the rails, nuther, to keep any body from seeing."

"Where have you erected your gallows?"

"O, 'taint erect yet, but soon will be—"here Bill," he continued, take this rope, (drawing from his pocket a piece of plow line about eighteen inches in length) and go and tie one end of it around Tolley's neck and fetch him here."

The deputy departed and soon returned, leading the culprit secured as demanded.—He was a short, chunky, "don't care a cuss" looking fellow, who sauntered carelessly along with his hands in his pockets. He was placed by the side of a long cotton-wood sapling, which was lying on the ground. It had recently been stripped of its bark, except the fork of one end.

The sheriff threw off his blanket coat, threw it across the fence, looked full in the culprit's face, and addressed him: "*Mister* Tolley, you're a durned mean sneak, now aint yer? Durn yer, I'll teach yer how to set fire to a shanty, and be guilty o'arson—pull off yer hat, sir, and hold up your head."

The deputy having fastened the other end of the rope to the sapling, Mr. F. seized a prong of the fork in either hand, and poised it above his head as high as he could reach, but not quite clearing Mr. Tolley's toes from the ground, while the deputy stood by, watch in hand, counting the minutes as they passed. The sheriff, still with his arms aloft, becoming very red in the face, called aloud, "I say, Bill, how long has he been a-hangin?"

"Just three minutes an' a half," answered the assistant."

"Then he's got one minit and a half more, and don't begin to be dead yet."

"Aleck," observed the counselor," "If I may be permitted to venture an assertion, 'twould be that the supreme law of the land makes it obligatory upon you to keep him in suspense until the vital principles is no more."

"Counsellor, shet up—I know what I'm about. You may know all about the theory o' law, but you don't know nothin' 'tall 'bout the practice and it stands to reason that you should know nothin' 'bout the duties of a sheriff; but I'll tell you I've heard ever since I was born, that arter a gentleman was hung a given length of time, and wan't kilt—and I think five minutes is the time—he's entitled to his life, and I think he oughter be, too.—Knowin' that to be the law, (or how could so many people be mistaken if 'taint,) I am going to let him down."

So saying, he threw the sapling as far from him as he was able, jerking the culprit very hard to the ground, thereby prejudicing his comfort much more than his position did. Loosening the halter from his neck, and smashing his hat down over his eyes, the sheriff seized him by the collar, planted the toe of a number eleven peg boot extremely low down in the dorsal region, and exclaimed:

"Look a'here, *Mister* Tolley, you've jest escaped death by a fiction o' law; now go, but hang me ef ever I ketch you in this parish again, I'll kick you till your nose bleeds, d'ye hear? then scoot. Come, boys, let's go and git up a small game o' draw."

An old lady, when told of her husband's death, exclaimed, "Well, I declare, our troubles don't never come alone. It aint a week since I lost my best hen, and now Mr. Hopper has gone too, poor man."

Buggy For Sale.

A GOOD second hand Buggy, with tongue and shafts, and a set of new single Harness, on 6 months time for good paper. Enquire at this Office. [Aug. 4—tf.

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING qualified as Administrator of the Estate of Samuel Wears, deceased, I again request all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate payment; and all persons having claims against said Estate are notified to present them immediately for payment.

J. H. GUDGER, Adm.

August 4, 1859. 3m

NOTICE.

THE first and only Camp Meeting for the Buncombe Circuit, will be held at the Ridge Camp Ground, in Buncombe county, beginning on Thursday before the second Sunday in August. Owing to a disappointment, there will be no protracted meeting at Jonathan's Creek, as was contemplated. W. F. GRAY,

Sup't Buncombe Circuit.

July 28, 1859.

The Willis Water Wheel.

THE undersigned is the Patentee of the "Willis Water Wheel," and will sell State or County Rights low.

ALSO—a small tract of land, with comfortable buildings, on the waters of Homony Creek, Buncombe county, within 3 miles of the White Sulphur Springs, and will give ample credit on land or Patent Rights. Address, Homony P. O., Buncombe county. OSCAR WILLIS.

July 21, 1859. tf

FAMILY GROCERY AND CONFECTIONARY.

THE subscribers having determined to supply Asheville, and vicinity, with what has been long needed, a first class

FAMILY GROCERY,

are now receiving a large assortment of Goods in their line, consisting in part of Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Rice, Fish, Cheese, Crackers, Pickles, Candies, Raisins, Almonds, Toys of every kind, and a general stock of Fancy Goods, making their establishment a genuine

VARIETY STORE.

They have a choice stock of Cigars and Tobacco. They invite the public to call and examine their assortment, and they will find every article fresh and excellent, and prices extremely low.—Store nearly opposite Gaines, Deaver & Co., in the brick house long known as the Drug Store.

PATTON & YOUNG.

P. S.—No Books kept in the establishment.

Dec. 2, 1858.

GOODS! GOODS!

—0—

NOW IS THE TIME!

Come and Buy New Goods

AT COST!

THE heavy stock of rich and splendid GOODS, lately opened at JACKSON'S, will, from this day, be sold at

COST!

They must go. There is no help for it. They have to be converted into money in the shortest possible space of time.

The stock is rich, fresh and complete, embracing everything to be found in a first class retail store.

Every article will be sold at cost, for cash in hand.

Now is your time to buy bargains. Come along, for the Goods are rapidly going off.

During Court week there will be an

AUCTION

every night, commencing on Monday, and continuing through the week.

Persons who wish to make a bill of $75 or $100, can do so on four months time, and have the goods at cost.

☞All persons indebted to W. H. Jackson & Co., or to W. H. Jackson, will call immediately and make payment. All claims remaining unsettled on the 20th instant, will be put out for collection.

E. SLUDER, Trustee.

Asheville, April 7, 1859. tf

State of North Carolina.

CHEROKEE COUNTY.

In Equity—Spring Term, 1859.

James H. Bryson vs. Alney Burgin & others.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendants Wm. H. Townsend, Isaac Townsend, Robert C. Townsend, Cicero M. Arnold, and John S. Crow are non-residents of this State. It is therefore ordered that publication be made in some newspaper in this State for six weeks, commanding said non-resident defendants to be and appear before his Honor the Judge of the Court of Equity, at the next Court to be opened and held for said county of Cherokee, at the Court House in Murphey on the 1st Monday in September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint of James H. Bryson, or judgment pro confesso will be taken as to them.

Witness, F. P. Axley, Clerk & Master of our said Court of Equity, at office, the 1st Monday in March 1859. 13th July, 1859.

F. P. AXLEY, C. M. E.

July 21, 1859. Pri. fee $6.

United States Mail Line,

FROM

Asheville to Charlotte.

DAILY.

THE subscriber would call the attention of the traveling public to the above line of

DAILY STAGES,

connecting at Charlotte with the Daily Trains on the Columbia and Charlotte, and the North Carolina Rail Roads.

To persons going East this is the cheapest as well as the most direct route; and passes through one of the most romantic and beautiful regions of Western Carolina. Running in full view of the celebrated

HICKORY NUT FALLS,

in day light, the traveler has an opportunity of viewing that magnificent and wonderful work of nature. A fine view is also obtained of the loftiest peaks of the world-renowned

BLACK MOUNTAIN.

Many other noted localities cannot fail to interest the traveler.

New and splendid Coaches, fine Stock and the very best Drivers, will insure the comfort, speed and safety of passengers.

Office at Charlotte: Kerr's Hotel.

" " Asheville: Gudger's Hotel.

J. F. SULLIVAN, *Contractor.*

July 7, 1859. 6m

☞Charlotte Democrat copy 6 months.

GUDGER'S HOTEL,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

THIS old and well known establishment (formerly Smith's Hotel,) is now in thorough repair, and the Proprietor determined to render the House attractive to its numerous patrons and friends, and the public generally.

He has pleasant rooms and attentive servants, and his table shall at all times be furnished with the very best the country affords.

He has fine stables with plenty in them, and faithful hostlers.

His charges are as follows:

Board per day,	$1 00
" " week	5 00
" " month,	15 00

Children and servants two thirds price.

The Proprietor, with good Assistants, will ever be found ready to contribute to the comfort and pleasure of guests.

J. H. GUDGER, Proprietor.

July 7, 1859. tf

BEEF! BEEF!!

The subscribers take this mode of notifying their old friends and customers that they will next week open a regular beef market again. Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, they will be prepared to furnish the public with the best beef the country affords.

WHITE & ISRAEL.

Asheville, June 23, 1859. tf.

Buggy and Harness.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO. have on hand a No. 1 Buggy for sale, made to order. Any person wishing to buy would do well to give them a call. June 16—tf

THE ASHEVILLE NEWS.

T. W. ATKIN, Editor.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Thursday, August 4, 1859.

TERMS.

The NEWS is published weekly, at $2 per annum, strictly in advance.

FOR CONGRESS,

DAVID COLEMAN,

OF BUNCOMBE.

Henderson Votes the Subscription!

On Friday last, after an animated contest, the Subscription of $100,000 to the French Broad Rail Road was voted by the people of Henderson county, by a handsome majority.

The friends of the Road prepared a Barbecue at Hendersonville. The crowd, estimated at two thousand persons, was addressed by Maj. McGaughey of Tennessee, and Col. Cannon and Gen. Gadberry of South Carolina.

It now only remains for Madison county to complete the work so nobly begun, and the entire Valley of the French Broad stands shoulder to shoulder, fully and mutually pledged to the great work. Madison votes to-day, and will cast a heavy majority for the Subscription of $50,000.

The Directors of the several Roads immediately interested, had a meeting at Hendersonville last Thursday, the official proceedings of which may be found in another part of this paper.

Every thing connected with the enterprise is progressing quite as favorably as the most ardent friend of the work could desire. We regard its success as no longer problematical.

Peace.

The war in Europe is over. Peace reigns where so lately blood flowed like rivers, and death in its most ghastly forms stalked defiantly abroad. By the arrival of the steamer North Briton we have intelligence of the amicable settlement of the difficulties.

The belligerents had agreed upon a cessation of hostilities until the 15th of the present month. The *Monitevr*, the French official organ, says the great neutral powers had exchanged communications with the belligerents, offering mediation, but were unsuccessful, until the French fleet were about to commence hostilities against Venice, and a conflict before Verona imminent, when Napoleon, anxious to prevent further bloodshed, ascertained the disposition of the Emperor of Austria, and finding him willing, an armistice was agreed upon. After the armistice the two Emperors had an interview at Villa Franca, where the terms of peace were negotiated. There is to be an Italian Confederacy, under the honorary Presidency of the Pope. The Emperor of Austria concedes the right in Lombardy to the Emperer of France, who transfers it to the King of Sardinia; the Emperor of Austria preserves Venice, but she will form an integral part of the Italian Confederation.

The London News says the hopes of Italy have been utterly deceived by the peace; and that history will call Napoleon to a strict account for having made war under false pretences, and signed a mock selfish peace that leaves Austria impregnantly fortified in the heart of Northern Italy, and commits Central Italy to the patronage of the Pope.

The London Morning Post says that the Pope is deprived of the substance but keeps the shadow of supremacy.

The London Times says that France spent fifty millions sterling and lost fifty thousand men, only to give Milan a Piedmentese instead of an Austrian master, and establish the Pope in temporal dignity, even beyond his inauguration, and that Napoleon's game must be a long one. The Times claims that England brought about the armistice. Other authorities give the credit to Prussia.

☞The Raleigh Standard learns that President Buchanan has tendered to Hon. D. M. Barringer, of this State, the mission to Central America; but that Mr. B. has felt himself constrained by personal considerations to decline the appointment.

HOGS IN KENTUCKY.—A recent assessment shows the number of hogs in Kentucky to be 815,538. An increase of 176,241 head over the number last year.

☞Among the list of new post offices established recently by the Postmaster General is that of Grape Creek, Cherokee county, North Carolina.

☞In Austria no one can receive a license to marry unless he is able to subscribe his name with his own hand to the certificate.

PRISON EXODUS.—Another stampede was made from the California penitentiary, on the 26th ult. —forty-three of the prisoners escaping. The remaining 160 were preparing to follow, when a twelve pounder cannon, loaded with grape, was fired into them, killing one and wounding four. The prisoners then cried out for mercy, and expressed their willingness to surrender.

☞The Pope has issued a decree, making Boston the head-quarters of the Catholic Church in this country, and the Archbishop of that diocese henceforth takes precedence of others.

☞The name of Andrew Johnson, as a possible candidate of the Democracy for the Presidency, begins to loom large upon the country.

THE VIRGINIA SPRINGS.—There are said to be 500 visitors at the Montgomery White Sulphur, 200 at the Alleghany, 700 at the White, 40 at the Old Sweet, 50 at the Salt, 500 at Old Point, and 100 at the Yellow Springs.

☞A prominent speaker at a "Republican" gathering in Ohio, said that he "expected to spend an eternity in company with 'Republicans,'" to which a ripe old Democrat replied that he "rather thought he would, unless he repented of his sins!"

CATTLE.—Cattle are unusually scarce in Southwestern Virginia, and there is a disposition among sellers to hold them at high prices.

☞A violent tornado destroyed, on Sunday last, eight spans of the railroad bridge at Decatur, Alabama. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

FOR THE ASHEVILLE NEWS.

Meeting of Rail Road Directors.

By appointment a joint meeting of the Presidents and Directors of the following Rail Road Companies, viz: The Cincinnati, Cumberland Gap and Charleston; the Greenville and French Broad, and the Spartanburg and Union, was held at Hendersonville, N. C., on the 28th ult.

On motion, GEN. ALEX. E. SMITH, Pres. of the Cincinnati C. G. & C. R. R., was called to the Chair, and ISAAC B. SAWYER, requested to act as Secretary.

On motion, the following committee was appointed to prepare business for the action of the meeting, viz: Marcus Erwin, N. W. Woodfin, Col. J. L. Young, Col. G. Cannon and G. W. Barnett.

The meeting then adjourned until 8 o'clock the following morning, at which time the Committee on business through their Chairman, M. Erwin, Esq., submitted the following Report and Resolutions:

The Committee appointed to prepare business for the action of a joint meeting of the officers of the G. & F. B., the Spartanburg and Union, and the Cincinnati, C. Gap and Charleston Rail Road Companies, report that upon a full consultation and interchange of views between the officers of the three companies, and upon as thorough an investigation as the facts before them permitted, in regard to the cost of constructing a Rail Road from Spartanburg, S. C., to the Paint Rock on the Tennessee line, and an investigation into the available means of the Companies organized along said line, take pleasure in saying that in their judgment no serious obstacle lies in the way of the final completion of this great public work. Their estimate of the cost of the Road is based upon data derived from the published Reports of the old Charleston and Cincinnati survey, a work undertaken by very eminent and able men more than twenty years ago—from a recent survey of the mountain section of the line made by the Messrs. Peak, competent Engineers in the employment of the G. & French Broad R. R. Company in 1856, and from a late examination and survey of that part of the line North of Asheville, by a corps of Engineers furnished by the W. N. C. R. R. From these data, scrutinized as they have been on this occasion by practical Rail Road builders thoroughly acquainted with the country and familiar with the business of building Rail Roads, the Committee feel confident that the following estimate may be made:

From Spartanburg Court House to Butt Mountain, thirty-four miles, at $14,000 per mile,	$476,000
Next ten miles, at $40,000 per mile,	400,000
Thirty miles to Asheville, $12,000 per mile,	360,000
Forty-three miles, from Asheville to Paint Rock, at $30,000 per mile,	1,290,000
Total cost of road from Spartanburg Court House to Paint Rock,	$2,526,000

At some points along the line the cost may for short distances be greater—but for one instance of this kind many of the opposite sort—where for miles the above estimate will be found too high—will no doubt occur.

The available resources of the Companies may be set down as follows—

G. & F. Broad Company, Private sub.,	$175,000
" " " county sub.,	325,000
Total,	$500,000

The Charleston and Cumberland Gap and Cincinnati Company, to prosecute their work from Paint Rock to Morristown (by an exhibit made by the Treasurer of that Company to the Committee) have on hand to complete a work, the estimated cost of which is $269,379 20, available means to the amornt of $238,600 00. Showing that upon the N. C. portion of the route we have already in tangible means half a million of dollars—and but $30,000 to raise in the State of Tennessee to complete the extension of this work to Morristown. Besides this the people of Greenville, Tennessee, are making liberal propositions for a junction at some point on the French Broad River—propositions which committee has seriously considered, and which will assume additional importance, as the necessity of such a connexion becomes every day more apparent.

What assistance can be obtained from S. Carolina independent, of any Legislative aid, can be only conjectured. It is not doubted that Spartanburg and Union, and other sections of the State equally as much interested, will imitate the example of the people of the French Broad Valley in N. C., and tax themselves to build this Road. If so, it would not be unreasonable to anticipate from that source and from private subscriptions, at least $500,000. This sum and that already raised in this State would leave only a little over $1,500,000 to be raised to complete this great enterprise. A work of such magnitude with one fourth of the means necessary for its construction already raised—with a well grounded expectation that another fourth can be readily commanded—in the judgment of this committee—must go forward in spite of rival routes—false notions of economy, and a disposition to sacrifice the material interests of a whole commonwealth to a mere point of honor.

Having great confidence, therefore, in the final success of this work, and a disposition to test its merits thoroughly as the cheapest route from Charleston across the Blue Ridge into the Mississippi Valley, the Committee recommend the following Resolutions:

1. That the Presidents and Directors of the Greenville and French Broad, the Cincinnati Cumberland Gap and Charleston, the Spartanburg and Union Rail Road Companies in joint Convention assembled, appreciate the importance of an early, accurate and thorough survey of the route from Spartanburg, S. C., to the Paint Rock on the Tennessee line.

2. That a joint survey of said route be at once begun, and that the work be entrusted to Mr. R. C. McCalla, late First Assistant on the W. N. C. R. Road, under the direction of the President of the Greenville and French Broad Rail Road Company.

3. That this Convention cannot disperse without expressing the opinion confidently that nothing but a reliable and complete survey of this line is needed to satisfy any candid mind that it affords by millions of dollars the cheapest, and by many miles the shortest route from Charleston across the Blue Ridge to the Mississippi Valley.

On motion, the report and resolutions were unanimously adopted.

On motion, the proceedings were ordered to be published in the Asheville News, and the Charleston, Columbia, and other papers along the line of the old Charleston and Cincinnati survey, were requested to copy.

The Convention then adjourned *sine die*.

ALEX. E. SMITH, *Pres.*

ISAAC B. SAWYER, *Sec.*

FIRE AT ELIZABETH CITY.—This place has been again visited by a most disastrous fire, says the Wilmington *Herald*, reducing a whole square to ashes. It broke out on Wednesday morning last and before it was subdued consumed property to the amount of $25,000.

FOR THE ASHEVILLE NEWS.

A Father Has Fallen!

Departed this life at his residence on Mills River, Henderson county, on the 6th of April last, in the 83d year of his age, Capt. JOHN MURRAY.

The deceased was born on Indian Creek, Newberry District, S. C., Jan. 5, 1777, but a few months after the Declaration of American Independence. He inhaled the atmosphere of civil and religious liberty that circulated so freely at that time, especially in South Carolina, and was so fully evinced through his whole life, and prepared him for a sphere of extensive usefulness.

He joined the Presbyterian Church at Davidson's River, Henderson county, (then Buncombe) near the close of the year 1802, and was married in May, 1803, to Elizabeth Davidson, a woman of deep toned piety, whom he survived but seven years.

Capt. Murray was a thorough Presbyterian, in the full sense of the term, being a child of the covenant, and early indoctrinated by pious and devoted parents. His ancestry is traced back to Ireland through a line of Presbyterian successors. His father brought a letter from the Presbyterian Church in Pa., dated 1763. His grand father, on his mother's side, brought one from Ireland, dated 1734, both of which letters are still preserved as family relics.

The Church at Davidson's River becoming extinct, he lived twenty years destitute of Church privileges. Instead of his active piety withering under these destitute circumstances, he only seemed the better prepared to appreciate the blessiugs furnished the hungry Saul in the breaking of the Bread of Life.

At the reorganization of the Church at Davidson's River, by Rev. Christopher Bradshaw, he was chosen one of the elders, in which office he rendered efficient service, not only in ecclesiastical business, but also in exhorting the impenitent, publicly and privately, and in admonishing the wayward professor of religion, until rendered inefficient by age and feeble health.

The Bible, Confession of Faith, and Christian Observer were his constant fireside companions.

Having embodied a set of thorough Presbyterian principles from his Irish ancestors, as well as a spirit of independence from his Revolutionary fathers, he seemed to be fully equipped for the struggle of 1837, which so much distracted the Presbyterian Church in America. He was emphatically one of the standard bearers of the Presbyterian Church (N. S.) in this country, from the Division in '37 even to the close of his life. The last time his voice was heard in a public capacity was in defence of the N. S. Church, in the late election in the Mills River congregation relative to their going to the O. S. The last general conversation he ever had with any person was relative to the welfare of the church he so much loved.

During a protracted illness of eight weeks he evinced the greatest possible patience. Though a man of considerable excitability while in health, yet during his sickness he never was once heard to complain, or known to evince the least peevishness. His great anxiety seemed to be for his expected change from his tenement of clay to a blessed immortality beyond the grave.

He died as he lived, in a full assurance of hope "as an anchor of the soul, both sure and steadfast, and which entereth into that within the veil," frequently exclaiming in raptures of delight, "Blessed Jesus."

He seemed to manifest no anxiety to recover, if it was God's will, as his efficient service seemed to be ended by age and infirmity. He received the messenger death, as he did the information of all other great events, with calmness and decision, folding his own hands and asking his friends to extend his feet, his ransomed spirit left its frail tenement of clay for a blessed immortality beyond the grave, where the inhabitant never says "I am sick."

Thus died one of the most pious and devoted christians with whom we have had any acquaintance.

J. HOOD.

Asheville, July 26, 1859.

Arrivals at the Eagle Hotel.

W. R. Larkin, Alabama.
H. T. Wilbur, Tenn.
John N. Moffat, New York.
G. M. Roberts, Shufordsville.
S. S. Jarrett, Georgia.
A. M. Morgan, La.
John Baxter, Knoxville.
L. C. Johnson and servant, Georgia.
John Burgin, Swannanoa.
W. P. Fortune, "
C. E. Memminger, Jr., Charleston.
C. C. Pinckney, Jr. "
C. P. Seabrook, "
R. G. Shoolbred, "
Mrs. C. J. Herbemont, nurse & child, Columbia.
Miss Gracia Bay, "
W. F. McKesson, Morganton.
Dr. G. W. Fletcher, Henderson.
W. J. Johnson, Mills River.
Henry C. Gillespie, Charleston.
D. P. Fulton, Williamsburg.
T. McMinn, Hendersonville.
A. L. Serr, New Orleans.
G. W. Lester, Buena Vista.
W. C. Preston, Louisville, Ky.
H. W. Ruggles, New York.
John H. Murphey, Swannanoa.
A. Herbemont, Columbia.
Rufus S. Siler, Franklin.
T. L. Smith, Tenn.
R. N. Tate, Morganton.
Mrs. Herbemont and servant, Columbia.
J. M. Stepp, Swannanoa.
Rev. E. Reed, Flat Rock.
G. R. Sinclair, Lee's Academy, Asheville.
C. G. Memminger, Jr., Charleston.
C. C. Pinckney, Jr., "
C. P. Seabrook, "
R. G. Shoolbred, "
W. J. Montgomery, Swift Island.
T. A. Hort and lady, Abbeville.
W. H. White, "
G. T. Jackson, lady & sev't, Greenville, S. C.
P. A. Townsend, Hendersonville.
Wm. Goder, Catawba county.
M. Anderson, Georgia.
Miss McKay, Charleston.
J. M. Gadberry, S. C.
S. M. Young, Swannanoa.
A. H. & Mrs. Van Bokkelin, daughter & nurse, Wilmington.
John F. S. Van Bokkelin, Wilmington.
Mrs. Oakley, "
B. F. Boyd, Atlanta.
Prof. A. Guyot, Princeton, N. J.
E. Grandprene, " "
J. F. Donnelly, S. C.
J. J. Summerill, Maryland.
G. Chisolm, Charleston.
John N. Moffat, New York.
Dr. S. A. Johnson, "
Miss J. C. Johnson, "
Miss M. Johnston, "
W. L. Kerr, Halifax.
John Burgin, Swannanoa.
S. C. Wolf, Charlotte.
J. L. Park, Laurens, S. C.
M. N. Davis, Spartanburg.
C. B. Brooks and lady, Darlington.
M. Tracy, S. C.
John M. Gill, St. Matthews'.
R. B. Williams, Augusta.
J. O. Reed, Beaufort, S. C.
Dr. J. F. Livingston, Abbeville.
Miss Livingston, "

Arrivals at Gudger's Hotel.

From July 10, 1859, to Aug. 1, 1859.

David Coleman, Asheville.
W. L. Tate, "
C. Green, "
E. W. Herrington, "
E. P. Tucke, "
R. M. Jones & Lady, 2 children & servant, Asheville.
Jas. Brittain, Wife and child, Asheville.
J. M. Carver, Marshall.
J. A. Buckner, Buncombe.
Madison Greenwood, Buncombe.
Wm. Goldsmith, Madison.
W. Y. Porter, Swannanoa.
Robert Hawkins, Buncombe.
D. McCanless, Burnsville.
F. M. Wilson, Buncombe.
P. Plemmons, "
R. A. Merrill, Madison.
Wm. Brown, "
R. H. Penland, Haywood.
L. Clayton, Cane Creek.
E. Sales, "
R. V. Blackstock, Stockville.
M. Erwin, Asheville.
W. L. Henry, Sulphur Springs.
C. W. Gillespie, Henderson.
L. O. Garren, Buncombe.
W. J. Worley, Sandy Mush.
M. Palmer, Turkey Creek.
P. W. Roberts, Buncombe.
Mr. Bell, "
J. H. Hilliard, "
Col. D. Reynolds, "
W. R. Baird, "
W. B. Baird, "
T. Roberts, "
J. H. Hilliard, "
Sam. Davidson, "
John Poor, "
J. M. Allen, S. C.
D. Merrill, Buncombe.
J. W. Harbin, Haywood.
A. B. Jones, Sulphur Springs.
John Carpenter, Leicester.
Mr. Grier, Haywood.
F. Sluder, Newfound.
M. Smith, Buncombe.
I. S. Presswood, Sandy Mush.
W. H. Jackson, Asheville.
P. Joice, "
John Brigman, Buncombe.
E. W. Herndon, Asheville.
D. L. Brevard & Lady, Georgia.
Dr. Fletcher, Henderson.
P. Plemmons, Buncombe.
W. R. Baird, Buncombe.
W. Y. Porter, Swannanoa.
J. H. Poor, Henderson.
F. M. Wilson, Buncombe.
M. Erwin, "
P. Plemmons, "
D. Reynolds, "
W. L. Henry, "
T. Roberts, "
C. Richards, "
W. L. Henry, "
Mr. Keenan, "
P. W. Roberts, "
Mr. Surcy, "
M. Erwin, "
J. Roberts, "
R. V. Blackstock, "
P. Plemmons, "
T. Jones,
Gen. W. F. Jones, Caldwell.
J. Newland.
M. Erwin, Buncombe.
D. Hawkins, "
W. L. Henry, "
W. R. Baird, Beaver Dam.
T. Harkins, Asheville.
A. Carson & wife, Taylorsville, N. C.
J. J. Richey, Statesville, N. C.
J. R. Davidson, "
S. C. Merrimon, Buncombe.
J. W. Aston, Va.
J. H. Bradley, Rutherford.
D. S. Collyer, "
F. Jones, "
J. B. Gardner, Burnsville.
John Early, Rutherfordton.
A. Williams, Ala.
W. Wells, "
R. Young, Yancey.
Josiah Baker, "
D. Baker, "
Sam. Davidson, Buncombe.
T. Roberts, "
G. Garland, Burnsville.
J. A. Powers, Bakersville.
Jas. Green, "
P. Plemmons, Buncombe.
M. D Penland, "
E. Sluder, Asheville.
M. Erwin, Buncombe.
B. Ledford, Yancey.
M. Ledford, "
J. Harrison, Tenn.
J. P. Carmell.
Judge Bailey, Black Mountain.
J. C. Smith, Taylorsville.
J. F. Stevenson, "
J. M. Meddows, "
Mr. Spears, Fla.
Miss Alexander, Swannanoa.
N. R. Wells, Turkey Creek.
Gen. Keith, Yancey.
J. H. Johnson, Haywood.
C. M. Stevenson and lady, Alexander.
A. C. Maccullouch & Lady, Taylorsville.
R. M. Henry, Sulphur Springs.
Wm. Ducker, Henderson.
W. R. Baird, Buncombe.
J. T. Weaver, Buncombe.
J. W. Green, Alexandria.
Col. W. W. Avery, Morganton.
K. H. McClusky, Cleaveland, Tenn.
J. Rushing, Jackson, Tenn.
J. Johnson, Yancy.
C. H. Sutherland, Henderson.
M. Erwin, Asheville.
J. Rushing.
Wm. Wadaver, Tenn.
Wm. Cambell, "
J. F. Fitzgerald, "
J. M. Hunger, "
R. D. Wilson, Burnsville.
W. B. Baird, Buncombe.
J. Hunger.
F. M. Wilson, Buncombe.
L. Clayton, Cane Creek.
D. L. Brevard, "
S. L. Love, Franklin, N. C.
R. V. Blackstock, Stockville.
W. D. Edmonds, Rutherford.
W. L. Henry, Sulphur Springs.
J. S. Sullivan.
W. B. Baird, Buncombe.
F. W. Wilson, "
P. Roberts, Ga.
W. R. Baird, Buncombe.
B. M. Glass, Marion.
N. G. Howell.
Mr. Lay & Sons.
Gen. W. F. Jones, Caldwell.
John C. Lay.
S. D. Lee, Rutherfordton.
Dr. Yancy, Madison.
Wm. Jackson, Asheville.
L. L. Stewart, Buncombe.
J. Rushing, Tenn.
R. H McCrosby, Tenn.
G. W. Glass, Marion.
S. C. Merrimon, Asheville.
Y. Johnson.
J. M. Carver, Madison.
L. M. Allen, "
J. T. Weaver, Buncombe.
T. W. Wilson, Swannanoa.
M. Erwin, Asheville.
Dr. Yancy, Madison.
P. Plemmons & lady, Buncombe.
F. C. Byers, Henderson.
W. Dickerson, servant.
D. Reynolds, Buncombe.
N. Blackstock, "
M. Erwin, Asheville.
B. King, Henderson.
C. McDowell, "
J. Jones, "
S. C. Wolfe, Charlotte.
C. B. Richards, Asheville.
E. Sales, Buncombe.
F. Roberts, "
C. Sutherland, Henderson.
W. Whitesides, Rutherford.
F. Wilson, Buncombe.
P. Plemmons & daughter, Buncombe.
G. W. Wales.
E. W. Spear, Fla.
Wm. Brown, Columbia.
S. C. Merrimon, Asheville.
W. J. Davenport, Oglethorp, N. C.
S. L. Love.
G. W. Wales.
W. Siler, Macon.
Miss L. Nelson.
R. Chambers, Haywood.
M. Johnson, "
O. M. Lewis, Asheville.
Mr. Broils, N. C.
Mr. Dills, S. C.

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE, Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.

THIS promising Institution exhibits a course of study inferior to none in the State, and its Board of Trustees feel confident that the prescribed course will be ably, efficiently and satisfactorily carried out, having secured the services of men, in the selection of their Faculty, qualified to teach upon the most approved system.

The expenses are less than those of any similar Institution in the entire South. This arises in part from its endowment, and in part from its location in a healthy section of country and in a wealthy and moral community.

The Exercises will open on the 28TH OF SEPTEMBER next, and continue FORTY-TWO WEEKS without intermission, except an Examination and Literary contest during the week including the 22d February.

TERMS:—In the Preparatory Department, which is intended to prepare young men thoroughly for the College Classes, for Board, Tuition, Room-rent, Washing, Fuel, &c., for the year, ... $107 00
For the College Department, do., do., ... 115 00
One Half Invariably in Advance.

☞For further particulars address for Circular,
COL. JOHN SHIMPOCH,
Sec'y of the Board,
or Rev. D. H. BITTLE,
President of N. C. College.
Mt. Pleasant, N. C., August 4, 1859. 6t

ROBINSON & LAKE'S
GREAT
SOUTHERN MENAGERIE
AND CIRCUS.
One Hundred and Seventy Men and Horses.
Huge Waterproof Firmament Pavilion.

THE ROBINSON & LAKE families, each of them sufficient attraction for any Circus Company in the world, combined in THIS GREAT ENTERPRISE for the season of 1859, with a view to give such an Entertainment as will defy criticism and overwhelm opposition.

Fine collection of
RARE LIVING WILD ANIMALS.
Grand Operatic String and Brass Orchestra.
NUMEROUS STUD OF HIGHLY-TRAINED BLOODED, PERFORMING HORSES, PONIES, AND EDUCATED MULES.
Full and Complete Troupe of Equestrians.
FIVE LADY RIDERS AND DANSEUSES.
Three Great Clowns.
BILL LAKE, the Southern Jester and Comic Delineator.
SAM. LONG, the Universal Favorite and Singing Motley.
ARCHY CAMPBELL, the Rural Joker and Farmer's Almanac of Fun.

Madame Robinson, Mlle. Agnes, Mlle. Alice, La Farie Kate, Mlle. Eugenie De Lorme, from the principal Theaters and Amphitheaters of Europe and the United States, and Pike's Grand Opera House, Cincinnati.

MLLE. ALICE,
The most delightful of Equestrian Ladies, in her brilliant Act of Horsemanship, beautiful, graceful, and daring. Riding backward with as much ease as forward, flying through baloons and over banners, and forming pictures of such elegance and grace, as to have gained for her the sobriquet of Queen of Love and Beauty.

LA FARIE KATE,
From Pike's Grand Opera House, Cincinnati, in all her role of the New Ballet, pronounced by first Masters incomparable; also in splendid Double Dances with Mlle. Alice.

MLLE. AGNES,
The Invisible Wire Performer, whose brilliantly graceful positions upon a single wire, at a considerable elevation from the ground, excite universal admiration. In truth, this singularly beautiful Parlor Entertainment is a card which needs only to be known to induce thousands to visit the Pavilion for the purpose of seeing it alone.

MASTER JAMES ROBINSON,
Just returned from abroad, the Principal Equestrian in the world; the naked horse champion—in all his wonderful achievements.

MR. JOHN ROBINSON,
In his great four horse Demon Act.
The elegantly formed, and beautifully marked, and highly trained Arabian horse
ABDALLAH,
At each exhibition, will enact his finely arranged and wonderfully pleasing performances.

MASTER JOHN ROBINSON,
MR. WM. ODELL,
MASTERS DU CROW, DARREL, FONTAINE, & ANGELO,
with a host of minor Stars, will assist in rendering the entertainments novel and brilliant.

GRAND ENTRANCE INTO THE DEN OF WILD BEASTS,
and terrific encounter with a ferocious Lion by the lovely, fascinating, graceful, yet daring
EUGENIE DE LORME.
Without Extra Charge,
The great RUSSIAN ELK, 17 feet high, with immense antlers, captured in the Wilds of Siberia, trained and tamed by
MR. JOHN ROBINSON.

THE HORNED HORSE.
The Last of his Race.
The Perplexity of Naturalists.
THE WONDER OF THE AGE.
Splendid Performing Zebra.
A PAIR OF FINE ARABIAN OSTRICHES.
Lions, Tigers, Bears, Birds, Monkeys, Leopards, etc.
Forming a splendid and rare collection of Wild Beasts.

As the price of admission is that charged for a Circus Exhibition alone, this great zoological display, as well as the daring feats of Mlle. Eugenie among the Lions, etc., may distinctly be considered Free to all persons who obtain a card of admission to ROBINSON & LAKE'S

BIG SHOW.
The whole Exhibition, under one Mammoth Pavilion, constructed for Messrs. Robinson & Lake by Mr. Vandivere of Cincinnati, the head of his profession.
Pavilion brilliantly illuminated.
Ushers at all times in attendance to seat Ladies and Children.
Order at all times strictly maintained.
Admission
Company will exhibit at

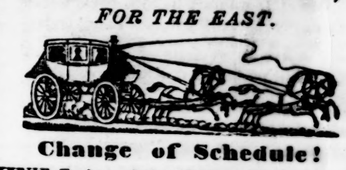
ASHEVILLE, Friday August 19th, 1859.
Open at 1 and 7 o'clock, P. M.
Admittance 50 cents, children and servants 25 cents.

The Company will perform at the following places:
Lima, S. C., Tuesday August 16.
Hendersonville, Wednesday August 18.
Alexander's, Saturday August 20.
WM. C. PRESTON, Agt.

1859. 1859.

United States Mail Line,

FOR THE EAST.



Change of Schedule!

THE Trains of the Western North Carolina Rail Road are now running DAILY to the Catawba river, (and by the first of September will reach Newton,) leaving Salisbury, on the arrival of the Northern mail, at 4¾ o'clock, P. M., connecting with C. S. BROWN & CO.'S

Line of 4 Horse Coaches

For MORGANTON and ASHEVILLE, running DAILY to Newton, and on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, through to Asheville, without any detention, and *TEN HOURS IN ADVANCE* of any other line. Returning from Asheville leaves on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, arriving in Salisbury next days to breakfast; connecting with the trains of the North Carolina Rail Road going North, which will be

24 Hours in Advance

Of any other Stage Line from Asheville—crossing the Blue Ridge at NOON-DAY, going and coming; thereby securing the finest view of the celebrated peaks of the BLACK MOUNTAIN—Mt. Mitchell and Mt. Clingman—to be had from any point;—passing within 10 miles of the "Black Mountain House," and connecting with the Hacks of that establishment.

☞Families and invalids, four or more, by stopping over at Newton, can take our *EXTRA COACH* for Morganton in day light, if they prefer it; thus avoiding night travel from Salisbury to Asheville. The same accommodation is provided for those passing from Asheville to Salisbury, by stopping at Morganton over night, and taking the *Extra Coaches* in the morning, for the Rail Road.

This Stage Line has been in successful operation four years, and no serious accident has ever occurred on it; and without fear of contradiction we will say it is the *most pleasant, expeditious, nearest*, and *cheapest route*, East or West.

☞One of the Proprietors will be found at the head of the Railroad, and the other at Morganton, ready to accommodate all wishing to take our Stages.

☞Stage Office: In Morganton, at the "Walton House." In Asheville, at the "Eagle Hotel."

C. S. BROWN & CO.
Contractors.
July 1st, 1859. 3m

EAGLE HOTEL.

I DESIRE to call public attention to the EAGLE HOTEL. I have it ready for the reception of those who are seeking either health or pleasure, and will spare neither money or trouble to make it a *First Class Hotel*. I have secured the services of an able and experienced Steward from Charleston, to take charge of the dining room, and hope to be able to please even the most fastidious.

Permit me to call attention to the arrivals and departures of the Stages that have their offices at the Eagle:

Greenville, S. C.—Stage arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings; departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings.

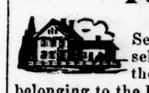
Morganton.—Stage leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings; arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights.

Warm Springs and Greeneville, Tenn.—Stage arrives and departs every day but Sunday.

J. M. BLAIR, Proprietor.
July 7, 1859. tf

VALUABLE LAND

FOR SALE.



ON the 3rd day of Sept. next, we will sell on the premises, the valuable FARM belonging to the Estate of the late J. W. Harris, and lying on the Main Broad River, 17 miles west of Rutherfordton, and 23 miles east of Asheville, on the Hickory Nut Road, containing about

800 Acres,

A large portion of it good BOTTOM LAND.

The place has long been known as one of the best stands in the up-country, and the mountain scenery in the vicinity cannot be surpassed in the United States.

Persons desirous of purchasing will of course examine for themselves.

---ALSO---

Some four other Tracts of Land in the vicinity.

TERMS.

One fourth cash; the other three-fourths in one, two and three years, with bond and approved security, and title withheld until the last payment is made.

—ALSO—

One hundred and one Shares in the Hickory Nut Turnpike Company, will be sold at the same time and on the same terms.

C. L. HARRIS, } *Executors*
B. SHERRILL, }
June 30, 1859. tds

SULPHUR SPRINGS,

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, N. C.

THIS well known watering place and delightful summer resort, will be open for the reception of company, under the management of MR. C. C. TERRY, late of the

"MOUNTAIN HOUSE."

Every effort will be made to render comfortable all who may visit the Sulphur.

The excellent qualities of the water, the purity of the atmosphere, and the magnificence and beauty of the surrounding scenery, are too well known to render any attempt at description necessary.

The Springs are five miles west of Asheville, on the State Turnpike Road.

May 12, 1859. tf

***The Columbia Carolinian, Charleston Mercury, and New Orleans Delta, will copy tri-weekly for two months, and forward bill to C. C. Terry, Sulphur Springs.

State of North Carolina,

CHEROKEE COUNTY.

In Equity.—Spring Term, 1859.

Hiram McLeon vs. Enos McHenry and Wm. R. McConnell.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendants Enos McHenry and Wm. R. McConnell, are non residents of this State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in some newspaper in this State for six weeks, commanding said non resident Defendants to be and appear before his Honor the Judge of the Court of Equity to be opened and held for said county of Cherokee at the Court House in Murphy on the 1st Monday in September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint of Hiram McLeon, or judgment pro confesso will be taken as to them.

Witness, F. P. AXLEY, Clerk & Master of our said Court of Equity, at Office, the 1st Monday in March, 1859. Issued June 20th, 1859.

F. P. AXLEY, *C. & M. E.*

Printer's fee $6.

378.

EVERY body examine your money for a $10 Bill on the Exchange Bank of Columbia, S. C., No. 378, issued 4th Oct., 1854. If found, let the Editor know it, and you shall lose nothing.

June 30, 1859. 6t

NORTH CAROLINA

Mutual Life Insurance Company.

OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company insures the lives of individuals for one year, a term of years, or for life, on the MUTUAL PRINCIPLE, the assured for life participating in the profits of the Company. For policies granted for the whole term of life, when the premium therefor amounts to $30, a note may be given for one half the amount of the premium bearing interest at 6 per cent without guaranty.

The prompt manner in which all losses have been paid by this Company together with the low rates of premium, present great inducements to such as are disposed to insure.

SLAVES are insured for a term of from one to five years, for two-thirds their value.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

DIRECTORS.

Charles E. Johnson,	Wm. W. Holden,
Wm. D. Haywood,	Wm. D. Cooke,
James F. Jordan,	R. H. Battle,
Quinten Busbee,	Wm. H. Jones,
H. W. Husted,	P. F. Pescud,
Wm. H. McKee,	K. P. Battle.
Charles B. Root,	

OFFICERS.

Dr. Charles E. Johnson, President.
William D. Haywood, Vice President.
R. H. Battle, Secretary.
William H. Jones, Treasurer.
H. W. Husted, Attorney.

Charles E. Johnson, M. D. } Medical
William H. McKee, M. D. } Board of
Richd. B. Haywood, M. D. } Consultation.

Q. Busbee, }
W. H. McKee, } Executive Committee.
Charles B. Root, }

For further information the public are referred to the pamphlets, and forms of proposal, which may be obtained at the office of the Company, or any of its Agencies.

Communications should be addressed, (post paid,) to R. H. BATTLE, *Sec'y.*

A. T. SUMMEY, Agent, Asheville.

Raleigh, March 12, 1859.—1y.

ASHEVILLE

Mutual Insurance Company.

AT a meeting of the members of the Asheville Mutual Insurance Company, convened in Asheville on Friday October 17th, the following Board of Directors and officers were elected to serve during the year, viz:

DIRECTORS.

James W. Patton, W. D. Rankin, J. M. Blair, N. W. Woodfin, J. E. Patton, B. J. Smith, Hugh Johnston, Ephraim Clayton, M. Patton.

OFFICERS.

J. R. Osborne, President.
W. W. McDowell, Vice President.
J. B. Rankin, Secretary and Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

W. D. Rankin, M. Patton, J. W. Patton.

MEDICAL BOARD.

J. F. E. Hardy, M. D.
J. D. Boyd, " "
W. L. Hilliard " "

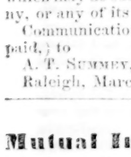
ATTORNIES.

Z. B. Vance, A. S. Merrimon.

All communications should be addressed to J. B. RANKIN, *Sec'y.*

Asheville, Nov. 15, 1856.

NEWTON ACADEMY.



THE session at this Academy will commence on the 3d Monday of May next under the charge of Rev. JACOB HOOD as Principal, whose reputation as a Teacher is well known throughout this country.

The session will continue five months, and the following rates of Tuition will be charged, viz:

Orthography, Reading, Writing and Primary Arithmetic, per session,	$ 6 00
Geography, English Grammar, and Arithmetic *continued*,	8 00
All other English Branches,	10 00
Latin, French and Greek,	12 00
Contingent fee, payable in advance,	1 00

Tuition due at the end of the session, and will be charged from the time of entrance to the close of the session. Deduction made only in cases of continued sickness.

This Academy is a beautiful new Building, situate on the Plank Road, one and one quarter of a mile south of Asheville, on an elevated position, near to a *good Buncombe spring*, and in a thickly settled neighborhood, where boarding can be had on moderate terms; and the entire country around is as beautiful and as healthy as can be found any where.

M. PATTON,
Pres. of Board of Trustees.

April 7, 1859. tf

PILES. FISTULA,

Strictures, Tumors, Cancers, Scrofula, &c.

PAMPHLETS containing testimonials of the highest character as to his success, will be forwarded to any that wish them. Those wishing to test the efficacy of Dr. Clopton's Wonderful Remedies, must give a correct description of the disease, its appearance in its incipient stage, present condition, location, &c.

A three cent stamp must accompany all communications. Address,

J. A. CLOPTON, M. D.,
Huntsville, Ala.

March 24, 1859. 1y.

REEMS CREEK, N. C., April 25, 1859.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON—*Dear Sir:* Yours dated 3d inst., came to hand about ten days ago. I should have written sooner but got one of my hands badly hurt. The Ointment I got from you, I think three years ago, made a perfect cure of a sore on my face of long standing. It has been a neglect in me not to acknowledge it sooner.—There are two men in my neighborhood afflicted with cancer. I presume these cases have too far advanced to be cured. E. H. McClure has one which began just under the eye, and has gone round the eye. The eye if not destroyed is sunk. Robert Hunter's began close to his ear where the jaw bone works up to the ear, now spread all round, got down on his neck. I done my best two years ago for them to go and see you. Hunter started, got into Georgia, met with some old woman who undertook his case and he turned back. Willis Lunsford took my advice, he got the Ointment from you some months ago, he is now completely cured. The place I described to you on my breast I think is probably cured or checked for the present.

Respectfully yours,
WM. COLEMAN.

DR. H. G. LUNGREN,

HAVING permanently located in Franklin, Macon county, N. C., offers his services to the inhabitants of said county and those adjoining. Dr. L. has been heretofore employed as Chief Resident Physician to the Northern Clinical Infirmary of Philadelphia, where he has met with and successfully treated diseases of both chronic and acute nature.

Dr. L. will be found at his office in Col. Moore's building, at all times, unless professionally engaged.

Dr. L. will visit the town of Webster on the last three days of each month, for the purpose of prescribing for Chronic diseases. Those afflicted will please take notice. He offers this card through numerous solicitations from different persons. The Dr. can be found at Mr. Allison's Hotel.

Franklin, April 15th, 1858.

Molasses, Molasses.

MANUFACTURED from the Chinese Sugar Cane, by W. W. McDowell, for sale by gallon or barrel, by

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

10,000 Negroes
10,000 Negroes
10,000 Negroes
Saved Yearly
Saved Yearly
Saved Yearly
Planters Take Notice
Planters Take Notice
Planters Take Notice
Jacob's Cordial
Jacob's Cordial
Jacob's Cordial
Is The Only Sure
Is The Only Sure
Is The Only Sure
And Positive Remedy
And Positive Remedy
And Positive Remedy
Before The People
Before The People
Before The People
In Dysentery,
In Dysentery,
In Dysentery,
Diarrhœa,
Diarrhœa,
Diarrhœa,
And Flux.
And Flux.
And Flux.
It Never Fails.
It Never Fails.
It Never Fails.
Packages of Half Doz.
Packages of Half Doz.
Packages of Half Doz.
Put Up Expressly
Put Up Expressly
Put Up Expressly
For Plantations.
For Plantations.
For Plantations.

For sale in Asheville, by E. J. ASTON.

THAT GREAT REMEDY
THAT GREAT REMEDY
THAT GREAT REMEDY
THAT GREAT REMEDY
THAT GREAT REMEDY
THAT GREAT REMEDY

SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC
SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC
SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC
SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC
SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC
SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC
SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC

THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE
THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE
THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE
THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE
THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE
THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE

BEFORE THE PEOPLE
BEFORE THE PEOPLE
BEFORE THE PEOPLE
BEFORE THE PEOPLE
BEFORE THE PEOPLE
BEFORE THE PEOPLE

FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET.
FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET.
FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET.
FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET
FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET
FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET.
FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET.

SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL
SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL
SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL
SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL
SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL
SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL
SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL

IS EASILY TAKEN
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HAS NO BAD TASTE
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HAS NO BAD TASTE

WILL EFFECT A CURE
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WILL EFFECT A CURE

WITHOUT LOSS OF TIME
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WITHOUT LOSS OF TIME
WITHOUT LOSS OF TIME
WITHOUT LOSS OF TIME
WITHOUT LOSS OF TIME
WITHOUT LOSS OF TIME

OR CHANGE OF DIET
OR CHANGE OF DIET
OR CHANGE OF DIET
OR CHANGE OF DIET
OR CHANGE OF DIET
OR CHANGE OF DIET
OR CHANGE OF DIET

WITH LESS TROUBLE
WITH LESS TROUBLE
WITH LESS TROUBLE
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WITH LESS TROUBLE
WITH LESS TROUBLE
WITH LESS TROUBLE

MORE SPEEDILY
MORE SPEEDILY
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MORE SPEEDILY

AND PERMANENTLY
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AND PERMANENTLY
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AND PERMANENTLY
AND PERMANENTLY

THAN ANY KNOWN REMEDY
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THAN ANY KNOWN REMEDY

TEST ONE PACKAGE
TEST ONE PACKAGE
TEST ONE PACKAGE
TEST ONE PACKAGE
TEST ONE PACKAGE
TEST ONE PACKAGE
TEST ONE PACKAGE

Every Druggist and Country Merchant should keep a supply of this valuable Remedy, not only from the profits that accrue from its sales, but as an act of philanthropy towards suffering humanity. It will be made to the especial and pecuniary interest of all Druggists to purchase by

W. W. BLISS & CO., PROPRIETORS

For sale in Asheville by E. J. ASTON.

July 7, 1859.

TO RENT.

THE subscriber offers for rent his STORE HOUSE, opposite Gudger's Hotel. It is too well known to render a description necessary.

J. S. SMITH.

Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy

Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale

Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.

190,000 Packages
190,000 Packages
190,000 Packages
190,000 Packages
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190,000 Packages
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190,000 Packages
190,000 Packages

Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina

In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.

It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
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It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure

If Directions are Followed,
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If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,

Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
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Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia

Liver Disease,
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Palpitation,
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Chronic Diarrhœa,
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Chronic Diarrhœa,

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Depressed Spirits,
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Loss of Appetite,

Pain In Side and Back,
Pain In Side and Back,
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Pain In Side and Back,
Pain In Side and Back,
Pain In Side and Back,

It Is Especially Adapted to
It Is Especially Adapted to
It Is Especially Adapted to
It Is Especially Adapted to
It Is Especially Adapted to
It Is Especially Adapted to
It Is Especially Adapted to
It Is Especially Adapted to
It Is Especially Adapted to

Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaint ;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;

It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form

In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.

Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
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Every Invalid Should
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Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should

Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.

Send a Postage Stamp to the Proprietors for their Pamphlet on "Diseases of Stomach and Bowels."

W. W. BLISS & Co., Proprietors.

For sale in Asheville by E. J. ASTON.

July 7, 1859.

BLANKS

Of every description always on hand and for sale at this Office.

A Purifier of the Blood, and certain cure for Scrofula or King's Evil, Lumbar Abscess Hip Disease, White Swelling, all Diseases of the Skin, Diseases of the Liver, Diseases of the Kidneys and Spine, Chronic Sore Eyes, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Chorea or St. Vitus' Dance, Asthma, Jaundice, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Debility following Intermittent or Malarious Fevers and all diseases arising from the excessive use of Mercury.

The Vegetable Alterative is offered to the public as a radical cure for the above named diseases, arising wholly or in part from impurity or vitiation of the blood—the basis of its success rests upon the well-known alterative properties of Spanish Sarsaparilla, which is imported expressly for the compounder of this medicine in all its purity; it is then, with the addition of other medicinal plants—alteratives and tonic in their action—manufactured with great care, and concentrated in a palatable form, making by the combination one of the best Alterative Medicines ever used. It is mild, yet active, in its operation; it renovates, while it removes the cause of disease, and may be used by all with confidence and safety.

It is an Alterative Tonic and is peculiarly adapted to malarious sections of the country—it eradicates thoroughly all traces of chronic debility which so often follows an attack of severe or protracted cases of intermittent fever. In the South and West it has been thoroughly tried, and has never failed to restore the invalid to health, sometimes after all other remedies have failed.

In diseases arising from an excessive use of mercury or other mineral medicines, it is unsurpassed in the thorough and prompt manner in which it eradicates all diseased matter from the blood and glandular system.

In all cutaneous diseases it acts like a charm, and in such diseases as Scald Head, Salt Rheum, and Skin Diseases of every kind, it is without an equal in its curative effects.

In the combination there are remidies that act directly on the Liver and Kidneys, and therefore it proposes to relieve these organs when in a torpid or inactive state. In relieving these and other organs, and being a purifier of the blood, it claims to be a cure for that loathsome disease, Scrofula.

The Alterative is put up in pint bottles. Accompanying each bottle is a pamphlet setting forth the nature and character of the several diseases for which it proposes to be a cure.

All agents and others who have the Alterative for sale are supplied with these pamphlets for distribution. Ask for one and read it.

This medicine has been extensively used by many physicians of eminence throughout the South and we have letters from many of them, speaking in the highest terms of its action as an Alterative Tonic Remedy. We are at liberty to refer to Dr. King of Louisburg, N. C; Dr. Claiborne of Petersburg, Virginia; Drs. Wilson and Sanders, Marianna, Florida; Drs. Blunt, Hart, and Butler, Greenwood, Fla.; Dr. C. A. Hentz, Quincy, Fla; Dr. E. M. Fant, Bankston, Miss., and many others.

For sale by E. J. ASTON.

June 16, 1859. 6m.

Flats! Flats! Flats!

FOR children, misses and ladies; trimmed and untrimmed. A large lot, and pretty of course, at SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO'S.

Leather, Leather.

UPPER, sole and harness, always to be found and of the best quality at

GAINES, DEAVER & CO'S.

April 7, 1859.

DO you want a coat, pants, vest, shirt, boots, shoes, or hat? If so, you can be supplied with a fashionable article, at prices to suit the times, by applying to

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

April 7, 1859.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Smith & Chapman are hereby notified that they have placed their notes and accounts in the hands of W. L. TATE for collection, with whom all settlements are to be made.

SMITH & CHAPMAN.

March 24, 1859.

COMING IN.

OUR Spring and Summer Stock is now being received, having recently been purchased in the Northern markets by

DR. D. F. SUMMEY,

long and favorably known in the market as a man of taste and judgment in such matters. We pledge ourselves to our best efforts to please, as our motto is, "live and let live."

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

March 31, 1859.

Iron, Nails and Castings.

A First rate lot of Iron, Nails and Castings; just received. Over 2000 lbs. of Oven Lids, of all sizes and descriptions.

J. A. PATTON.

Nov. 25, 1858.

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

MERRIMON & SONS,

ARE now receiving, direct from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, a heavy assortment of rich and beautiful Goods, suited to the season, embracing every variety of

DRY Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c., &c.

They invite particular attention to a rich assortment of

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

and feel satisfied that they will be pronounced beautiful. They have everything usually kept in a retail establishment, all bought upon the most favorable terms, and going off rapidly at low figures.

Call at Hugh Johnston's old stand, opposite the Court House, and you cannot fail to be pleased with both Goods and prices.

Asheville, April 21, 1859.

To Post Masters.

POST MASTERS are notified that Distribution service ceases at this Office on the 1st July proximo. They will please observe this, and not send mail matter to this Office to be Distributed.

J. H. HILLIARD,
Post Master at Asheville, N. C.

June 2, 1859. 4w

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, or any Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid inaction of the Stomach or Bowels, producing Cramps, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c.

In view of the fact that every member of the human family is more or less subjected to some of the above complaints, besides innumerable other conditions in life, which, by the assistance of a little knowledge or exercise of common sense, they may be able so to regulate their habits of diet, and with the assistance of a good tonic, secure permanent health. In order to accomplish this desired object, the true course to pursue is, certainly, that which will produce a natural state of things at the least hazard of vital strength and life; for this end Dr. Hostetter has introduced to this country a preparation called HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, which at this day is not a new medicine, but one that has been tried for years, giving satisfaction to all who have used it. The Bitters operate powerfully upon the stomach, bowels and liver, restoring them to a healthy and vigorous action, and thus by the simple process of strengthening nature, enable the system to triumph over disease. Diarrhœa, dysentery or flux, so generally contracted by new settlers, and caused principally by the change of water and diet, will be speedily regulated by a brief use of this preparation. Dyspepsia, a disease which is probably more prevalent when taken in all its various forms, than any other; the cause of which may always be attributed to derangements of the digestive organs, can be cured without fail by using HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS as per directions on the bottle. For this disease every physician will recommend Bitters of some kind, then why not use an article known to be infallible? Every country have their Bitters as a preventive of disease, and strengthening of the system in general, and among them all there is not to be found a more healthy people than the Germans, from whom this preparation emanated, based upon scientific experiments which has attended to advance the destiny of this great preparation in the medical scale of science.

FEVER AND AGUE.

This trying and provoking disease, which fixes its relentless grasp on the body of man, reducing him to a mere shadow in a short space of time, and rendering him physically and mentally useless, can be defeated and driven from the body by the use of HOSTETTER'S RENOWNED BITTERS. Further, any of the above stated diseases can not be contracted when exposed to any ordinary conditions producing them, if the Bitters are used as per directions. And as it neither creates nausea nor offends the palate, and rendering unnecessary any change of diet or interruption to usual pursuits, but promotes sound sleep and healthy digestion, the complaint is thus removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure.

For Persons in advanced years

Who are suffering from an enfeebled constitution and infirm body, these Bitters are invaluable as a restorative of strength and vigor, and needs only to be tried to be appreciated. And to a mother while nursing, these Bitters are indispensable, especially where the mother's nourishment is inadequate to the demands of the child, consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is needed to impart temporary strength and vigor to the system. Ladies should by all means try this remedy for all cases of debility, and before so doing, ask your physician, who, if he is acquainted with the virtues of the Bitters, will recommend their use in all cases of weakness.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

☞ **Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all Druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, Canada, South America and Germany.**

SCOVIL & MEAD,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.,
Wholesale Agents.

For sale by E. J. ASTON.

June 16, 1859. 1y

GROCERY STORE AND STAND, FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, desirous of changing his business, offers his present entire stock of Groceries and Liquors for sale. His stock is heavy, fresh and complete, embracing, in part, a heavy stock of

Fine French Brandy, Seignette Brandy, Superior Old Blackberry Brandy, Champagne Brandy, Ginger Brandy, Raspberry Brandy, Cherry Brandy, Old Rye Whiskey, Rye Whiskey xxx, Fine Old Nectar Whiskey, St. Croix Rum, Jamaica Rum. A heavy stock of fine Assort. Candies. Good stock of Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff. Good Supply of No. 1 Indigo. Nuts and Raisins, Mackerel, Oysters, Clams, Spun Thread, Schnapps, Tea, Domestics, &c., &c., &c.

The entire stock will be sold on accommodating terms.

If desired, the house will be sold with the goods.

Terms made easy, if the money is properly secured.

Call on the subscriber, in the South end of Asheville, for further information.

T. C. WINGATE.

Asheville, April 28, 1859. 3m

Pressed for Money!

ALL persons indebted to J. H. Gudger for board, will please come forward and pay up immediately.

After the 1st day of May all regular boarders will be required to settle up monthly, and all transient boarders to settle daily.

J. H. GUDGER.

April 25, 1859. 3m

Cranberry Iron.

A Large lot of wagon tire, plow molds and bull-tongue Iron, manufactured at the celebrated

CRANBERRY WORKS,

just received and for sale by

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

Feb. 21, 1859.

Bonnets, Flats and Bloomers!

THE latest style and fashion, trimmed and untrimmed, just received, very cheap.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO

April 7, 1859.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR,

PREPARED by Dr. Sanford, compounded entirely from Gums, is one of the best PURGATIVE AND LIVER MEDICINES now before the public.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach causing food to digest well *purifying the blood*, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Billious attacks are cured and what is better, prevented by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring prevents *nightmare*.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures *costiveness*.

One dose taken after each meal will cure *Dyspepsia*.

One dose of two tea spoonfuls will always relieve *Sick Headache*.

Only one dose immediately relieves *Colic*, while

One dose often repeated is a sure cure for *cholera morbus*, and a preventive of *cholera*.

Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long spell of sickness.

One bottle taken for *Jaundice*, removes all allowness or unnatural color from the face.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite and makes the food digest well.

One dose, often repeated cures *Chronic Diarrhœa* in its worst form while *Summer and Bowel Complaints* yield almost to the first dose.

A few bottles will cure *Dropsy* by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventative for *Fever and Ague, chill Fever*, and all Fevers of a *Billious type*. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD Proprietor, No. 345 Broadway, New York. Retailed by all Druggists.—Sold also by

E. J. ASTON, Asheville.

April 28, 1859. 1y

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.

THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a *Charitable Act* worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give *Medical Advice Gratis* to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, habits, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, to *Furnish Medicines Free of Charge*. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors of the Association, in their Annual Report upon the treatment of Sexual Diseases, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of their Surgeon in the cure of Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-abuse, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important and much despised cause.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-abuse, and other diseases of the sexual organs by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope) *Free of Charge*, on receipt of *TWO STAMPS* for postage.—Other Reports and Tracts on the nature and treatment of sexual diseases, diet, &c., are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent to the afflicted. Some of the new remedies and methods of treatment discovered during the last year, are of great value.

Address for Report or treatment, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street Philadelphia Pa.

By order of the Directors.

EZRA D HEARTWELL, *Pres.*
GEO. FAIRCHILD *Secretary.*

BLACKSMITHING.

THE subscriber is still carrying on the

Smithing Business,

in all its branches, at his old stand in the south end of Asheville.

The superior manner in which he has horses shod, carriages, buggies and waggons ironed, and all manner of work done, are too well known to render it necessary to more than say he will as heretofore turn out none but good work.

Country produce of all kinds taken in payment for work, but it must in every case be delivered before the work is removed.

ELIAS L. TRIPLETT.

March 20, 1856.

GREENVILLE

MARBLE YARD.

THE subscriber has on hand, and is constantly receiving, a large and varied assortment of

American & Italian Marble,

to which he would call the attention of those in want of a suitable memento to mark the spot where repose the remains of their departed relatives and friends.

Carving and Lettering of all kinds neatly and promptly executed.

Particular attention paid to orders by mail.

Refer to D. G. Westfield, Gower, Cox, Markly & Co., Col. D. Hoke, J. A. David, and Dr. M. B. Earle, Greenville; Rev. A. W. Cummings, Asheville.

JAS. M. ALLEN.

Winslow W. Smith, Agent at Asheville.

Greenville, S. C., Feb. 24, 1859. 3m

ALL THE
PUREST AND BEST
PATENT MEDICINES,
MAY BE FOUND AT ALL TIMES AT
ASTON'S.